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Chapter 1 Safety Information and Precautions

1.1 Safety Information

Please read this chapter carefully while installing and commissioning the inverter and be sure to follow the safety precautions required in this chapter. We will assume no liability or responsibility for any injury or loss caused by improper operation.

In this manual, safety precautions are classified into the following two categories:



Indicates there is a risk of electric shock, which may cause equipment damage or personal injury if not avoided.



Warni

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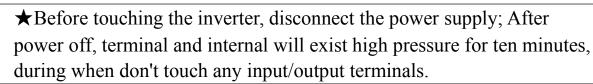
Indicates potential risks, which could result in equipment damage or property loss if not avoided

Danger

★Do not install the equipment if you find water seepage, component missing or damage upon unpacking!

★Do not use the strip to supply power to the inverter.

★Do not conduct any high voltage insulation and withstand voltage test.





★Rotating motor may feed electrical energy back to the inverter, before touching it, please ensure that the motor has stopped, or disconnected with the inverter.

★Before connecting the cable, make sure there is no voltage at the power terminal.

★Ground the inverter as standard. The ground wire must be able to withstand the maximum fault current limited by the fuse or circuit breaker.

▲ Handle the equipment with care during transportation.

▲Keep away from combustibles and electrical conductors.

Marning

▲ Inverters are best used indoors, IP20 inverters must be installed in a level 2 pollution environment or in the cabinet of the IP54 and higher level of protection.

▲ Ensure adequate heat dissipation while installing the inverter and do not drill holes near it, for drilling dust and metal debris could fall into

the inverter, which may lead to danger.

- ▲ Do not drop wire end or screw into the inverter.
- ▲ Never connect the power cables to the output terminals (U, V, W) of the inverter.
- ▲ Never connect the braking resistor between the DC bus terminals DC+ and DC-.
- ▲ Do not install any automatic control device between the inverter and the motor.
- ▲ When the control cable is near the power line, keep a minimum spacing of 100 mm and arrange a 90-degree crossover. Make sure all the terminals have been fastened using the appropriate torque.
- ▲ If the enable input signal is valid, the driven motor may start directly after being powered on.
- ▲ Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and phase are in accordance with the inverter rating.
- ▲When motor autotune, pay attention that the motor may rotate, which may cause danger.
- ▲ The inverter can control the motor to run above or below the rated speed. When needing the motor to run overrated speed, you can confirm whether it is feasible with motor manufacturers.
- ▲ Do not power on or off the inverter frequently, which may be easy to shorten its service life. Please power on again ten minutes after power off.
- ▲In the area with an altitude of more than 1000m, derating is required.
- ▲ Do not try to repair the inverter when errors and faults occur. Contact us for more help.

1.2 General Precautions

1. Motor Insulation Test

Perform the insulation test when the motor is used for the first time, or when it is reused after being stored for a long time, or in a regular check-up, in order to prevent the poor insulation of motor windings from damaging the inverter. The motor must be disconnected from the inverter during the insulation test. A 500V mega-Ohm meter is recommended for the test. The insulation resistance must not be less than 5 $M\Omega$.

2. Thermal Protection of Motor

If the rated capacity of the motor selected does not match that of the inverter,

especially when the inverter's rated power is greater than the motor's, adjust the motor protection parameters on the operation panel of the Inverter or install a thermal relay in the motor circuit for protection.

3. Running at Over 50 Hz

The inverter provides frequency output of 0 to 500 Hz. If the inverter is required to run at over 50 Hz, consider the capacity of the mechanical devices.

4. Vibration of Mechanical Device

The inverter may encounter the mechanical resonance point at some output frequencies, which can be avoided by setting the skip frequency.

5. Motor Heat and Noise

The output of the inverter is pulse width modulation (PWM) wave with certain harmonic frequencies, and therefore, the motor temperature, noise, and vibration are slightly greater than those when the inverter runs at grid power (50 Hz).

6. Varistor or capacitor on output side of the Inverter

Do not install the capacitor for improving power factor or lightning protection voltage-sensitive resistor on the output side of the inverter because the output of the inverter is PWM wave. Otherwise, the inverter may suffer transient over-current or even be damaged.

7. Contactor at the I/O Terminal of the Inverter

When a contactor is installed between the input side of the inverter and the power supply, the inverter must not be started or stopped by switching the contactor on or off. If the inverter has to be operated by the contactor, ensure that the time interval between switching is at least one hour since frequent charge and discharge will shorten the service life of the capacitor inside the inverter.

When a contactor is installed between the output side of the inverter and the motor, do not turn off the contactor when the inverter is active. Otherwise, modules inside the inverter may be damaged.

8. When External Voltage is Out of Rated Voltage Range

The inverter must not be used outside the allowable voltage range specified in this manual. Otherwise, the inverter's components may be damaged. If required, use a corresponding voltage step-up or step-down device.

9. Prohibition of Three-phase Input Changed into Two-phase Input

Do not change the three-phase input of the inverter into two-phase input. Otherwise, a fault will result in, or the inverter will be damaged.

10.Lightning Shock Protection

The inverter has a built-in lightning overcurrent protection device, it has certain self-protection ability for inductive lightning. But user should also install lightning

protection device at the front end of the inverters in frequent lightning area.

11.Temperature and De-rating

The regular using temperature of this inverter is -10°C- +40°C. De-rating using is required when temperature is more than 40°C. De-rating by 1.5% for every degree increase in ambient temperature. The highest ambient temperature is 50°C.

12. Altitude and De-rating

In places where the altitude is above 1000m and the cooling effect reduces due to thin air, it is necessary to de-rate the inverter. When the altitude is above 1000m, de-rating by 1% for 100m increase in altitude. The highest altitude is 3000m.

13. Some Special Usage

If the user needs to use a method other than the recommended wiring diagram in this manual, such as shared DC bus, please consult us.

14.Scrap

The electrolytic capacitors on the main circuits and PCB may explode when they are burnt. Poisonous gas is generated when the plastic parts are burnt. Please treat them as industrial waste.

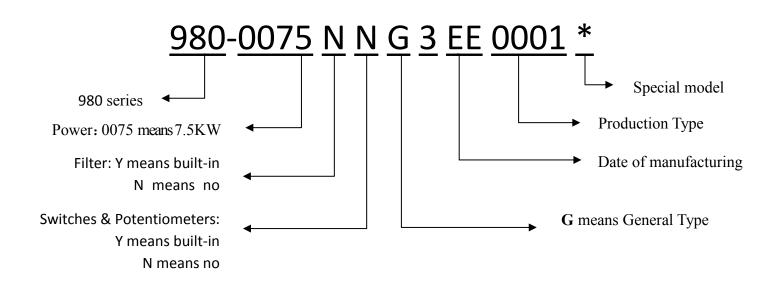
15.About Adaptable Motor

- The default setting of this inverter is for the 4-pole cage asynchronous induction motors. For other types of motors, select proper parameters in the inverter.
- The cooling fan and rotor shaft of non-variable-frequency motor are coaxial, which results in reduced cooling effect when the rotational speed declines. If variable speed is required, add a more powerful fan or replace it with variable-frequency motor in applications where the motor overheats easily.
- The standard parameters of the adaptable motor have been configured inside the inverter. It is still necessary to perform motor auto-tuning or modify the default values based on actual conditions. Otherwise, the running result and protection performance will be affected.
- The inverter may alarm or even be damaged when short-circuit exists on cables or inside the motor. Therefore, perform insulation short-circuit test when the motor and cables are newly installed or during routine maintenance. During the test, make sure that the inverter is disconnected from the tested parts.

Chapter 2 Product Information

Our inverters have been tested and inspected before leaving our factory. Before unpacking the product, please check product packaging for shipping damage caused by careless transportation and whether the specifications and type of the product complies with the order. If there is any question, please contact the supplier of the products, or directly contact us.

2.1 Products Nameplate



2.2 Products Model Number

980 General type Inverter Model

Single Phase Input: 200~240V±10%, 50/60Hz					
	Adapted	motor	Rated output	Frame	
Inverter Model	KW	HP	current(A)		
980-0007G1	0.75	1	4	A01	
980-0015G1	1.5	2	7	A01	
980-0022G1	2.2	3	10	A01	
980-0040G1	4.0 5		18	A01	
Thi	ree Phase Inp	ut: 380~4	180V±10%, 50/6	0Hz	
	Adapted	motor	Rated output	Гиомо	
Inverter Model	nverter Model KW HP		Current(A)	Frame	
980-0007G3	0.75	1	2.5	A01	
980-0015G3	1.5	2	3.7	A01	

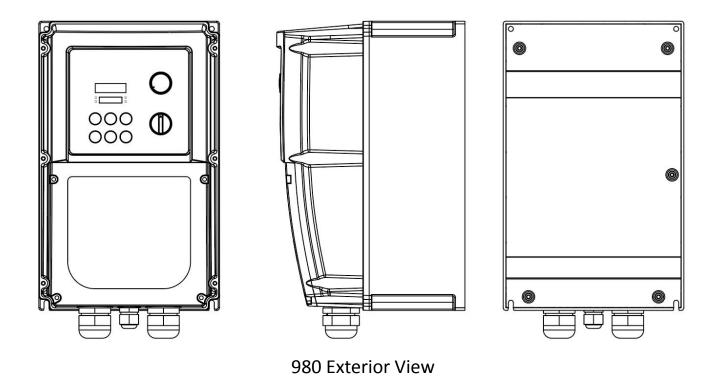
Single Phase Input: 200~240V±10%, 50/60Hz						
	Adapted	Adapted motor Rated output				
Inverter Model	KW	HP current(A)		Frame		
980-0022G3	2.2	3	5.1	A01		
980-0040G3	4	5	9.0	A01		
980-0055G3	5.5	7.5	13	A02		
980-0075G3	7.5	10	16	A02		
980-0110G3	11	15	25	A03		
980-0150G3	15	20	32	A03		

2.3 Products Dimensions

No.	Power	Dimension(mm)		Installation Size(mm)		Hole Φ	
		Н	W	D	H1	W1	
A00	0.75~2.2KW/220V 0.75~2.2KW/380V	145.5	162	71.5	128	162	5mm
A01	4.0KW/380V 4.0KW/220V	255.1	127	155.22	222	113	5mm
A02	5.5~7.5KW	285.75	155	174	248.8	137.8	5mm
A03	11-15KW	350.80	200	208.48	320	183	5mm

^{*}Due to Product upgrade, size update without prior notice, Consult staff for details.

2.4 Product Appearance



2.5 Technical Specifications

Item		Specifications		
	Maximum	Vector Control: 0~500.0Hz V/F Control:		
	Frequency	0~500.0Hz		
Basic Function s	Carrier Frequency	0.5kHz~16kHz; the carrier frequency will be automatically adjusted according to the load characteristics.		
	Input Frequency	Digital Setting: 0.1Hz		
	Resolution	Analog Setting: 0.01V corresponding maximum frequency ×0.1%		
	Control Mode	Open Loop Vector Control(SVC); V/F Control		
	Startup Torque	G Type: 0.5Hz/150%(SVC); P Type: 0.5Hz/100%		
	Speed Range and Precision	1: 100(SVC); ±0.5%(SVC)		
Basic Function S	Overload Capability	G Type: 150% rated current 60s; 180% rated current 3s		
	Torque Boost	0.1%~30.0%		

	Item	Specifications
	V/F Curve	Line Type Square Type
	Acc. / dec Curve	Straight line or S curve acceleration and deceleration mode Acceleration and deceleration time range between 0.0 to 500.0s.
	DC Brake	DC Brake Frequency: 0.00Hz to maximum frequency. Brake time: 0.0s to 36.0s
	Multi-speed Running	It can realize at maximum of 8 segments speed running via the control terminal.
	Built-in PID	It is easy to realize process-controlled closed loop control system.
	Over-voltage/curren t Stall Control	It can limit the running voltage/current automatically and prevent frequent over-voltage/current tripping during the running process.
	Motor Over-temperature Protection	Acceptable motor temperature sensor input (PT100, PT1000)
	Timing Control	Timing control function: set time range 0.0~6500.0Min
	Bus Support	Support Site Bus: Modbus
	Protection Function	It can implement power-on motor short-circuit detection, output phase loss protection, over current protection, over voltage protection, under voltage protection, overheating protection and overload protection, which can be turned on or shielded as required.
	Running Command Source	Operation panel reference, control terminal reference, and communication reference
	Target Frequency Source	Digital reference, analog signal reference, multi-segment speed reference, PI control reference, and communication reference
Running	Control Signal Input Terminal	2 digital input; 1 analog input ,support 0~10V \ 4~20mA \ 0~20mA signal
	Control Signal Output Terminal	2 relay output 1 analog output ,support 0~10V \ 4~20mA \ 0~20mAsignal

980 Series High Protection Inverter User Manual

	Item	Specifications		
	Using Place	Indoor, and be free from direct sunlight, dust, corrosive gas, combustible gas, oil smoke, vapor, drip or salt.		
	Altitude	0~4000m; Derating use when more than 1000r (decrease by 1% per 100 meters)		
Environ	Ambient	-10 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ to +40 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ (Derating use when under		
Environ ment	Temperature	ambient temperature of 40 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$ to 50 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$)		
IIIeiit	Humidity	Less than 95%RH, without condensing		
	Vibration	Less than 5.9m/s (0.6g)		
	Storge Temperature	_20°C~+60°C		
	Power Distribution System	TN, TT		

Chapter 3 Mechanical Installation and Electrical

Installation

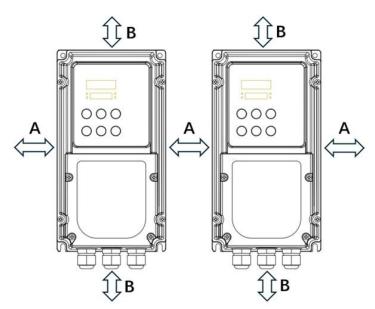
3.1 Mechanical Installation

3.1.1 Installation Environment Requirements

- 1) The inverter should be installed vertically and fixed on the mounting support or smooth plane with screws.
- 2) Ensure that the installation environment meets the environmental requirements in Section 2.5.
- 3) Keep away from combustibles and areas where water may drench and have enough space around it for heat dissipation.

3.1.2 Installation Clearance Requirements

The 980 series inverter has different requirements for surrounding installation space reservation according to the power level, as shown in the following figure:



Installation space requirements for each power level of the 980 series::

Power Class	Clearance Requirements(mm)			
0.75kW~22kW	A≥10 B≥200			
30kW~37kW	A≥50	B≥200		
45kW~110kW	A≥50	B≥300		

980 series inverter heat dissipation from the bottom up, when multiple frequency converters work, usually side by side installation. In the case of up-down installation, because the heat of the down-down inverter will cause the temperature of the up-drain equipment to rise and cause the fault, countermeasures such as the installation of heat insulation deflector should be taken.

3.1.3 Routine Maintenance

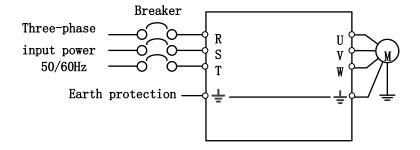
- (1) Environmental temperature must be kept within the limits set out in Section 2.5.
- (2) The radiator fan must rotate easily and be free from dust.
- (3) The cabinet in which the inverter is installed should be free of dust and condensation, and the ventilation fan and air filter should work properly to ensure adequate airflow.

3.2 Electrical Installation

3.2.1 Inverter Main Loop Terminal

Mark	Terminal Name	Function Description		
	Three Phase	AC input three-phase power connection		
R, S, T	Power Input	point, for single phase inverter, connect R、S		
N, 3, 1	Terminal	terminal.		
U、V、W	Inverter Output	Connect three phase motors.		
U, V, W	Terminal	Connect tiffee phase motors.		
ı	Earth Terminal	Earth Terminal		
÷	PE	Editii leiiiiiidi		

3.2.2 Caution of Power Terminal Wiring



All external power wiring needs to be sized and installed in a manner that complies with local codes and relevant IEC standards.

Please refer to the following table for power cable wiring:

Invert	ter Model	Recomm ended Breaker Specifica tions	Recomme nded Contactor Specificati on	Recomme nded Input Power Cable (m²)	Recomme nded Motor Cable(m²)	Recomm ended Control Cable(m²)
ν 2	0.75KW	16	10	2.5	2.5	1.5
Single Phase 220V	1.5KW	20	16	4	2.5	1.5
טו טו	2.2KW	32	20	6	4	1.5
Three	0.75KW	10	10	2.5	2.5	1.5
ее	1.5KW	16	10	2.5	2.5	1.5
Phase	2.2KW	16	10	2.5	2.5	1.5
ase	4KW	25	16	4	4	1.5
380V	5.5KW	32	25	6	6	1.5
9	7.5KW	40	32	6	6	1.5

Caution of terminal wiring:

- 1. Inverter input side:
- ▲ Three-phase power supply should be connected to R, S, T terminal, do not have to consider the phase sequence; Single-phase power supply (220V model) should be connected to the R and S terminal.
- ▲ Proper protection devices installed on input and distribution lines should comply with local safety regulations.
- A Protection can be provided by installing a suitable fuse at the power supply entry line. Fuses used must comply with local regulations.
- A Residual high voltage exists at terminals of DC bus DC+ and DC- after power off. Therefore, power off for 10 minutes before wiring.
- 2. Inverter output side:
- ▲ Capacitor or surge absorber cannot be connected to the output side of the inverter, Otherwise, inverter protection or even damage will be caused.
- ▲ The selection of brake resistance should refer to the recommended value, and the wiring distance should be less than 5m.
- ▲ When the length of motor cable is more than 100m, AC output reactor should be installed near the inverter.
- ▲ In order to reduce the interference of inverter output to other equipment, it is recommended to use shielded cable for motor cable.
- Motor terminal box connection: Most general-purpose motors can operate at dual voltages, as indicated on the motor nameplate. The operating voltage of the motor is usually selected when the motor is installed, star connection or angle connection. The star connection is usually the one with the highest voltage rating.

Motor Input Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltage	Motor Wiring Mode	
230 VAC	230/400 VAC	Delta	DELTA A
400 VAC	400/690 VAC	Derea	
400 VAC	230/400 VAC	Star	STAR A

3.2.3 Description of Control Terminals

Schematic diagram of the 980 series control circuit terminals:

T1A T1B T2A T2B T2C DI3 DI4 COM 24V AI1 AO1 10V S+ S-

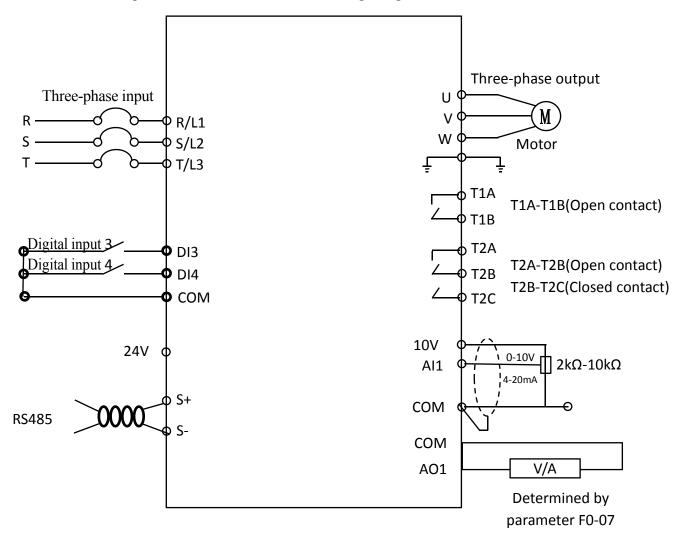
5V	0V	RX	TX
			l

Control Terminals Description:

Туре	Terminal	Terminal Name	Function Description
Power Output	+10V-GND	Terminal of 10V power output	Provide +10V power supply for external units, with maximum output current of 10mA. It is generally used as the operating power supply for the external potentiometer. The potentiometer resistance range is $1\text{-}5\text{k}\Omega$.
Analog Input	AI1-GND	Analog input terminal 1	F0-07 set voltage and current mode.
Digital	DI3-COM	Digital Input 3	Optical coupling isolation, bipolar input.
Input	DI4-COM	Digital Input 4	Optical coupling isolation, bipolal input.
Analog Output	AO1-GND	Analog output	F0-07 set voltage and current mode.
	T1A-T1B	Normally open	
Relay Output	T2A-T2B	Normally open	Contact driving capacity: 250Vac, 3A; 30Vdc, 1A
	T2B-T2C	Normally closed	
485 Communic ation Interface	S+/S-	485 communicati on interface	Respectively are the positive end of 485 differential signal and the negative end of 485 differential signal (reference ground: GND). Standard 485 communication interface, please use twisted pair or shielded cable.
Copy Keyboard Interface	5V-0V-RX- TX	Copy Keyboard Interface	For connecting a copy keyboard

3.2.4 Terminal Wiring Diagram

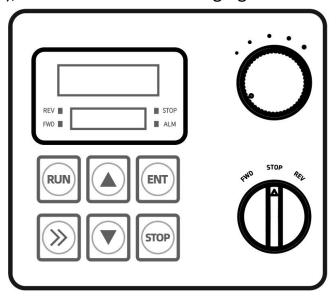
980 Series General Purpose 3-Phase 380V Terminal Wiring DiSgram:



Chapter 4 Keypad and Display Operation

4.1 Introduction to the 980G Keyboard

The operation panel, which can be used to modify the functional parameters of the inverter, monitor the working status of the inverter and control the operation of the inverter (start and stop), is shown in the following figure:



Operation Panel Diagram (General Type)

4.2 General Type Keyboard Function Description

Key Sign	Name	Function Description		
		Long press for 3 seconds to enter or exit the		
ENT	Program/Enter	menu		
		Short press to read or write parameters		
		Increment and decrement of data or		
		function codes		
A	Increase	Multi-function key function can be set by		
		F0-19 when both keys are pressed at the		
		same time (only available for 6-key panels).		
		Decrement and increment of data or		
		function codes		
▼	Decrease	Multi-function key function can be set by		
		F0-19 when both keys are pressed at the		
		same time (only available for 6-key panels).		

>>	Shift	Select the parameter modification and display content.		
RUN	Run	Panel start.		
STOP	Stop/Reset	Stop/reset operation.		

4.3 General Type Panel Operation

(1) Running and stopping

The default mode is the panel control mode (parameter F0-00 = 0). The Run key run the inverter and the STOP key controls the inverter to stop. When the inverter is running, the main interface display frequency value; When the inverter stops, the frequency value flashes.

(2) Switching running interface

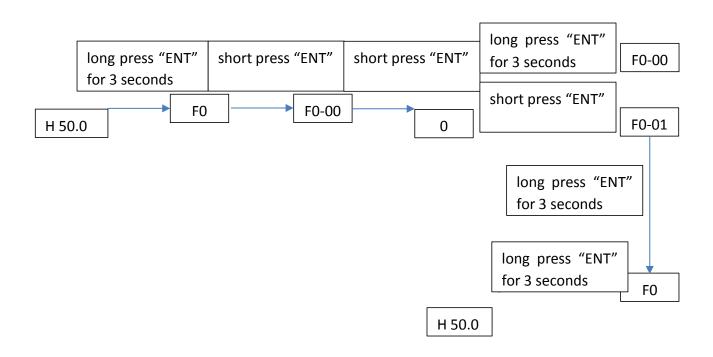
When the inverter is running, the screen displays the main interface by default. At this time, press the ">>" key, and the screen will switch among various operating interfaces, starting with the output frequency, and then displaying the motor speed, output voltage, output current and output power in turn. Examples are shown in the following figure.

(3) Parameter Interface

When the inverter displays the main interface, long press "ENT" for 3 seconds, it will enter the first level menu interface, after that, you can select the parameter you want to access through "▼/read-only" in the first level menu interface; short press "ENT", it will enter the second level menu interface from the first level menu interface, at this time, you can query or modify the value of the parameter. ", it will enter the second level menu interface from the first level menu interface, at this time, you can query or modify the value of the parameter.

When the inverter displays the secondary menu interface, long press "ENT" for 3 seconds or short press "ENT" can return to the secondary menu interface, but long press "ENT" for 3 seconds will not save the modified parameters, only short press "ENT" will save the parameters. However, long press "ENT" for 3 seconds will not save the modified parameters, only short press "ENT" can save the parameters. When the inverter displays the first level menu interface, long press "ENT" for 3 seconds can

return to the main interface.



(4) Selection of parameters

When the second-level menu interface is displayed, press "Up" or "Down" to switch the parameters you want to access.

The inverter also has monitoring parameters. The way to view them is to find U0 in the first-level menu interface, and then press "ENTER" to enter the monitoring parameter access interface.

(5) Reset parameters

The parameter F0-24 of 980 series inverter can be used to reset the parameter, the default value of F0-24 is 0, change it to 1 and press "ENT" briefly to reset the parameter to the factory default value.

Chapter 5 Parameters

5.1 Parameters Overview

Functio n Code	Name	Functi on Code	Name
F0-00	Command source selection	F0-13	Carrier frequency
F0-01	Main frequency source selection	F0-14	Running direction
F0-02	Auxiliary frequency source selection	F0-15	Speed tracking start
F0-03	Frequency source selection	F0-16	Preset frequency
F0-04	Acceleration time	F0-17	Running action frequency below lower limit frequency
F0-05	Deceleration time	F0-18	Command source & frequency source binding
F0-06	DC output selection	F0-19	Reserved
F0-07	Analog input/output signal format	F0-20	STOP key function
F0-08	Halt mode	F0-21	Jog running frequency
F0-09	Upper limit frequency preset	F0-22	Jog acceleration time
F0-10	Lower limit frequency preset	F0-23	Jog deceleration time
F0-11	Torque boost	F0-24	Restore factory parameters
F0-12	Torque boost cut-off frequency	F0-25	Select display menu type
Functio n Code	Name	Functi on Code	Name
F1-00	DI1 terminal function selection	F1-16	Relay output current reaches 1 set value
F1-01	DI2 terminal function selection	F1-17	Relay output current reaches 1 bandwidth
F1-02	DI3 terminal function selection	F1-18	Relay output current reaches 2 set value
F1-03	DI4 terminal function selection	F1-19	Relay output current reaches 2 bandwidth
F1-04	DI filter time	F1-20	Relay1 output delay time

F1-05 DI4*DI1 terminal valid mode selection F1-06 Terminal command mode F1-21 DI1 terminal signal valid delay time F1-07 Relay terminal valid state selection F1-08 Relay 1 function selection F1-09 Relay2 function selection F1-10 Reserved F1-10 Reserved F1-11 Reserved F1-11 Reserved F1-12 Relay output frequency reaches 1 set value F1-13 Relay output frequency reaches 1 bandwidth F1-14 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-16 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-17 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-18 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-19 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-10 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-16 Relay output frequency point 1 F2-11 VF over-current stall action current F2-00 V/F curve setting F1-10 VF over-current stall action current F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-12 VF over-current stall inhibition gain F2-03 Multi-point V/F requency point 2 F2-15 V/F over-magnetizing gain F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-15 V/F over-magnetizing gain F2-05 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-17 VF over-voltage stall action voltage F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-17 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-08 Multi-point V/F voltage point 4 F2-19 VF over-voltage stall				
F1-07 Relay terminal valid state selection F1-08 Relay1 function selection F1-09 Relay2 function selection F1-10 Reserved F1-10 Reserved F1-11 Reserved F1-11 Reserved F1-12 Relay output frequency reaches 1 set value F1-13 Relay output frequency reaches 1 bandwidth F1-14 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-16 Relay output frequency reaches 1 bandwidth F1-17 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-18 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-19 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-10 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-10 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-11 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-12 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth Functio on Code F2-00 V/F curve setting F1-31 AO1 offset F1-31 AO1 offset F1-31 VF over-current stall action current 5 VF over-current stall enable F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-12 VF over-current stall inhibition gain F2-03 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 F2-16 VF over-current compensation coefficient F2-05 Multi-point V/F requency point 3 F2-16 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-17 VF over-voltage stall action voltage F2-08 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-17 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-09 Multi-point V/F frequency point 5 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain	F1-05		F1-21	Relay signal off delay time
Selection Gelay time	F1-06	Terminal command mode	F1-22	
F1-09 Relay2 function selection F1-10 Reserved F1-11 Reserved F1-11 Reserved F1-12 Relay output frequency reaches 1 set value F1-13 Relay output frequency reaches 1 bandwidth F1-14 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-16 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-17 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-18 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-19 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-16 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-17 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-18 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-19 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-10 Reserved F1-20 Reserved F1-20 Reserved F1-20 Reserved F1-20 AO1 gain F1-31 AO1 offset F1-31 VF over-current stall action current to turrent for current for for current for current for current for current for current for for current for current for current for current for current for for current for current for current for current for current for for current for current for current for current for current for for current for current for for current for current for	F1-07	· · ·	F1-23	_
F1-10 Reserved F1-11 Reserved F1-12 Relay output frequency reaches 1 set value F1-13 Relay output frequency reaches 1 bandwidth F1-14 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-16 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-17 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-18 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth Function Code F2-00 V/F curve setting F2-11 VF over-current stall action current F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-02 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-18 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-19 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-19 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain	F1-08	Relay1 function selection	F1-24	Al1 gain
F1-11 Reserved F1-12 Relay output frequency reaches 1 set value F1-13 Relay output frequency reaches 1 bandwidth F1-14 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-16 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth F1-17 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth Function Code F2-00 V/F curve setting F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-02 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F requency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-08 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-09 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-17 VF over-voltage stall enable 5 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-18 VF over-voltage stall enable 5 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-18 VF over-voltage stall enable 5 F2-19 VF over-voltage stall enable 5 F2-19 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain	F1-09	Relay2 function selection	F1-25	Al1 offset
F1-12 Relay output frequency reaches 1 set value F1-13 Relay output frequency reaches 1 bandwidth F1-14 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth Function Code F2-00 V/F curve setting F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-02 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-03 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F requency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-08 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-09 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-10 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-10 Multi-point V/F requency point 3 F2-17 VF over-voltage stall enable 3 F2-18 VF over-voltage stall enable 4 F2-19 VF over-voltage stall enable 5 F2-19 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain	F1-10	Reserved	F1-26	Reserved
1 set value selection F1-13 Relay output frequency reaches 1 bandwidth F1-14 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth Function Code F2-00 V/F curve setting F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-02 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-07 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-08 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-09 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-10 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-11 VF over-current stall action coefficient versus coefficie	F1-11	Reserved	F1-27	Reserved
The standwidth F1-14 Relay output frequency reaches 2 set value F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth Function Code F2-00 V/F curve setting F2-11 VF over-current stall action current F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-02 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-17 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-18 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-19 Multi-point V/F requency point 3 F2-10 Multi-point V/F requency point 3 F2-11 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-13 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-15 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-17 Multi-point V/F requency point 4	F1-12	1	F1-28	•
2 set value F1-15 Relay output frequency reaches 2 bandwidth Function Code F2-00 V/F curve setting F2-11 VF over-current stall action current F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-02 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-16 F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-17 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-18 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 S2 F2-18 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-19 VF over-voltage stall enable	F1-13	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	F1-29	Reserved
Function Code F2-00 V/F curve setting F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-02 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-08 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-19 VF over-current stall action current compensation coefficient F2-10 VF over-magnetizing gain F2-11 VF over-woltage stall action voltage F2-12 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-13 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain	F1-14	1	F1-30	AO1 gain
Function Code F2-00 V/F curve setting F2-11 VF over-current stall action current F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-02 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-18 VF over-current stall inhibition gain F2-19 VF multiple over-current stall action current compensation coefficient F2-10 V/F over-magnetizing gain F2-10 VF over-voltage stall action voltage F2-10 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-11 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-12 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain	F1-15		F1-31	AO1 offset
Name Code F2-00 V/F curve setting F2-11 VF over-current stall action current				
F2-00 V/F curve setting F2-11 VF over-current stall action current F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-02 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-18 VF over-current stall inhibition gain F2-14 VF multiple over-current stall action coefficient F2-15 V/F over-magnetizing gain F2-16 VF over-voltage stall action voltage F2-16 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-07 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-18 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain	Eunctio		Functi	
F2-01 Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 F2-02 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-08 Current stall enable 2 F2-19 VF over-current stall inhibition gain 2 F2-10 VF multiple over-current stall action current compensation coefficient 3 F2-10 V/F over- magnetizing gain 3 F2-11 VF over-voltage stall action voltage 3 F2-12 VF over-voltage stall enable 3 F2-13 VF over-voltage stall enable 3 F2-14 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain 3		Name	on	Name
F2-02 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-18 VF over-current stall inhibition gain F2-14 VF multiple over-current stall action current compensation coefficient F2-15 V/F over-magnetizing gain F2-16 VF over-voltage stall action voltage F2-17 VF over voltage stall enable F2-18 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain	n Code		on Code	
F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-08 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-19 VF over-voltage stall action voltage F2-19 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-19 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-19 VF over-voltage stall enable F2-19 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain	n Code		on Code	VF over-current stall action
F2-03 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 F2-04 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-08 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-19 VF over-voltage stall enable 5 F2-19 VF over-voltage stall enable 5 F2-19 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain 5	n Code F2-00	V/F curve setting Multi-point V/F frequency point	on Code F2-11	VF over-current stall action current
F2-05 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 F2-16 VF over-voltage stall action voltage F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-17 VF over voltage stall enable F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 F2-18 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain	n Code F2-00 F2-01	V/F curve setting Multi-point V/F frequency point 1	on Code F2-11 F2-12	VF over-current stall action current VF over-current stall enable VF over-current stall
F2-06 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 F2-17 VF over voltage stall enable F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 Suppression frequency gain	n Code F2-00 F2-01 F2-02	V/F curve setting Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 Multi-point V/F frequency point	on Code F2-11 F2-12	VF over-current stall action current VF over-current stall enable VF over-current stall inhibition gain VF multiple over-current stall action current compensation
F2-07 Multi-point V/F frequency point 4 VF over-voltage stall suppression frequency gain	n Code F2-00 F2-01 F2-02	V/F curve setting Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2	on Code F2-11 F2-12 F2-13	VF over-current stall action current VF over-current stall enable VF over-current stall inhibition gain VF multiple over-current stall action current compensation coefficient
4 suppression frequency gain	n Code F2-00 F2-01 F2-02 F2-03	V/F curve setting Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 Multi-point V/F frequency point	on Code F2-11 F2-12 F2-13 F2-14	VF over-current stall action current VF over-current stall enable VF over-current stall inhibition gain VF multiple over-current stall action current compensation coefficient V/F over- magnetizing gain VF over-voltage stall action
F2-08 Multi-point V/F voltage point 4 F2-19 VF over-voltage stall	n Code F2-00 F2-01 F2-02 F2-03	V/F curve setting Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3	on Code F2-11 F2-12 F2-13 F2-14	VF over-current stall action current VF over-current stall enable VF over-current stall inhibition gain VF multiple over-current stall action current compensation coefficient V/F over- magnetizing gain VF over-voltage stall action voltage
	n Code F2-00 F2-01 F2-02 F2-03 F2-04 F2-05 F2-06	V/F curve setting Multi-point V/F frequency point 1 Multi-point V/F voltage point 1 Multi-point V/F frequency point 2 Multi-point V/F voltage point 2 Multi-point V/F frequency point 3 Multi-point V/F voltage point 3 Multi-point V/F frequency point	on Code F2-11 F2-12 F2-13 F2-14 F2-15 F2-16	VF over-current stall action current VF over-current stall enable VF over-current stall inhibition gain VF multiple over-current stall action current compensation coefficient V/F over- magnetizing gain VF over-voltage stall action voltage VF over-voltage stall enable VF over-voltage stall

			suppression voltage gain
F2-09	Multi-point V/F frequency point 5	F2-20	Maximum frequency limit of over-voltage stall
F2-10	Multi-point V/F voltage point 5		
Functio n code	Name	Functi on code	Name
F3-00	Start frequency	F3-14	Skip frequency 1
F3-01	Start frequency hold time	F3-15	Skip frequency bandwidth
F3-02	Start DC braking current	F3-16	Dead time of forward & reverse rotations
F3-03	Start DC braking time	F3-17	Reverse rotation control
F3-04	DC braking initial frequency at stop	F3-18	Brake utilization ratio
F3-05	DC braking waiting time at stop	F3-19	Brake chopper action voltage
F3-06	DC braking current at stop	F3-20	Speed tracking mode
F3-07	DC braking time at stop	F3-21	Speed tracking
F3-08	Acc./Dec. mode	F3-22	Speed tracking current loop Kp
F3-09	Time proportion of S-curve initial-segment	F3-23	Speed tracking current Ki
F3-10	Time proportion of S-curve end segment	F3-24	Speed tracking current value
F3-11	Acceleration time 2	F3-25	Speed tracking current lower limit
F3-12	Deceleration time 2	F3-26	Speed tracking voltage increasing time
F3-13	Acc. time1 & acc. time 2 frequency switching point	F3-27	Demagnetizing time
Functio n code	Name	Functi on code	Name
F4-00	Multi-segment command 0 frequency source	F4-14	PLC segment 1 running time
F4-01	Multi-reference 0 frequency	F4-15	PLC segment 1 acc./dec. time selection
F4-02	Multi-reference 1 frequency	F4-16	PLC segment 2 running time

F4-03	Multi-reference 2 frequency	F4-17	PLC segment 2 acc./dec. time selection
F4-04	Multi-reference 3 frequency	F4-18	PLC segment 3 running time
F4-05	Multi-reference 4 frequency	F4-19	PLC segment 3 acc./dec. time selection
F4-06	Multi-reference 5 frequency	F4-20	PLC segment 4 running time
F4-07	Multi-reference 6 frequency	F4-21	PLC segment 4 acc./dec. time selection
F4-08	Multi-reference 7 frequency	F4-22	PLC segment 5 running time
F4-09	PLC running mode	F4-23	PLC segment 5 acc./dec. time selection
F4-10	PLC power off save selection	F4-24	PLC segment 6 running time
F4-11	PLC running time unit	F4-25	PLC segment 6 acc./dec. time selection
F4-12	PLC segment 0 running time	F4-26	PLC segment 7 running time
F4-13	PLC segment 0 acc./dec. time selection	F4-27	PLC segment 7 acc./dec. time selection
		Functi	
Functio	Name	on	Name
n code	Name	on code	Name
	Name PID reference source		Name Dormant dec. judging time
n code		code	
n code F5-00	PID reference source	code F5-16	Dormant dec. judging time
n code F5-00 F5-01	PID reference source PID reference value	code F5-16 F5-17	Dormant dec. judging time Wake up pressure
n code F5-00 F5-01 F5-02	PID reference source PID reference value PID feedback source	code F5-16 F5-17 F5-18	Dormant dec. judging time Wake up pressure Pressure upper limit Water shortage detection
n code F5-00 F5-01 F5-02 F5-03	PID reference source PID reference value PID feedback source PID action direction	code F5-16 F5-17 F5-18 F5-19	Dormant dec. judging time Wake up pressure Pressure upper limit Water shortage detection time Water shortage detection
n code F5-00 F5-01 F5-02 F5-03	PID reference source PID reference value PID feedback source PID action direction Acc. PID proportional gain Kp	code F5-16 F5-17 F5-18 F5-19	Dormant dec. judging time Wake up pressure Pressure upper limit Water shortage detection time Water shortage detection frequency Water shortage detection
n code F5-00 F5-01 F5-02 F5-03 F5-04	PID reference source PID reference value PID feedback source PID action direction Acc. PID proportional gain Kp Acc. PID integral time Ki	code F5-16 F5-17 F5-18 F5-19 F5-20	Dormant dec. judging time Wake up pressure Pressure upper limit Water shortage detection time Water shortage detection frequency Water shortage detection current Water shortage detection
n code F5-00 F5-01 F5-02 F5-03 F5-04 F5-05	PID reference source PID reference value PID feedback source PID action direction Acc. PID proportional gain Kp Acc. PID integral time Ki Dec. PID proportional gain Kp	code F5-16 F5-17 F5-18 F5-19 F5-20 F5-21	Dormant dec. judging time Wake up pressure Pressure upper limit Water shortage detection time Water shortage detection frequency Water shortage detection current Water shortage detection pressure Water shortage restart time
n code F5-00 F5-01 F5-02 F5-03 F5-04 F5-05 F5-06	PID reference source PID reference value PID feedback source PID action direction Acc. PID proportional gain Kp Acc. PID integral time Ki Dec. PID proportional gain Kp	code F5-16 F5-17 F5-18 F5-19 F5-20 F5-21 F5-22	Dormant dec. judging time Wake up pressure Pressure upper limit Water shortage detection time Water shortage detection frequency Water shortage detection current Water shortage detection pressure Water shortage restart time interval Water shortage auto restart

			frequency
F5-11	Sensor full scale deviation	F5-27	Antifreezing running time
F5-12	Dormant frequency	F5-28	Antifreezing running period
F5-13	Dormant delay time	F5-29	Auto start enable
F5-14	Dormant pressure deviation	F5-30	Auto start delay time
F5-15	Dormant dec. frequency step		
Functio n code	Name	Functi on code	Name
F6-00	Zero-level menu display data auto switching	F6-15	Start protection selection
F6-01	Parameters modify attribute	F6-16	Fault enable selection 1
F6-02	LED2 display data selection (dual display reserved parameter)	F6-17	Fault enable selection 2
F6-03	User password	F6-18	Fault auto reset times
F6-04	Setting accumulative power-on achieving time	F6-19	Fault auto reset interval time
F6-05	Regular running time	F6-20	Drop load protection selection
F6-06	Carrier frequency adjusting with temperature	F6-21	Drop load detection level
F6-07	Carrier frequency adjusting start temperature	F6-22	Drop load detection time
F6-08	Carrier frequency adjusting time	F6-23	Voltage sag function selection
F6-09	DPWM switching upper limit frequency	F6-24	Voltage sag judging voltage
F6-10	Excessive speed deviation detection value	F6-25	Voltage sag recovery judging tine
F6-11	Excessive speed deviation detection time	F6-26	Voltage sag action judging voltage
F6-12	Motor overload protection gain	F6-27	Voltage sag gain
F6-13	External temperature sensor type	F6-28	Voltage sag integral coefficient
F6-14	Overtemperature protection threshold	F6-29	Voltage sag action deceleration time
Functio	Name	Functi	Name

n code		on	
		code	
F7-00	Local address	F7-02	Data format
F7-01	Baud rate	F7-03	Communication timeout

Functio n code	Name	Functio n code	Name
F8-00	Motor rated power	F8-10	Torque set value
F8-01	Motor rated voltage	F8-11	Asynchronous motor stator resistance
F8-02	Motor rated current	F8-12	Asynchronous motor rotor resistance
F8-03	Motor rated frequency	F8-13	Asynchronous motor leakage inductance
F8-04	Motor rated speed	F8-14	Asynchronous motor mutual inductance reactance
F8-05	Permanent magnet motor back EMF coefficient	F8-15	Asynchronous motor no-load current
F8-06	Motor control mode	F8-16	Synchronous motor stator resistance
F8-07	Motor parameter self-detection	F8-17	Synchronous motor D-axis inductance
F8-08	Speed/torque control selection	F8-18	Synchronous motor Q-axis inductance
F8-09	Torque setting source selection		
Functio n code	Name	Functio n code	Name
F9-00	High speed area switching frequency	F9-19	Flux weakening integral multiple
F9-01	Speed loop proportional gain at high speed	F9-20	Reserved
F9-02	Speed loop integral time of high-speed segment	F9-21	Maximum torque ratio current enable
F9-03	Low speed segment switching frequency	F9-22	Convexity gain coefficient
F9-04	Speed loop proportional gain at low speed	F9-23	Starting carrier frequency

F9-05	Speed loop integral time of	F9-24	SVC low-speed carrier
	low-speed segment		frequency
F9-06	Velocity loop filtering time constant	F9-25	Low speed carrier frequency switching frequency
F9-07	Slip compensation coefficient	F9-26	Low-speed maximum excitation current
F9-08	Maximum output voltage coefficient	F9-27	Low-speed excitation current switching frequency
F9-09	Torque control forward maximum frequency	F9-28	Low-speed excitation current switching frequency bandwidth
F9-10	Torque control reverse maximum frequency	F9-29	Synchronous motor initial position detection mode
F9-11	Torque acceleration time	F9-30	Synchronous motor initial position identification current initial value
F9-12	Torque deceleration time	F9-31	Synchronous motor initial position compensation angle
F9-13	M-axis current loop KP	F9-32	Synchronous electrical sensing current
F9-14	M-axis current loop KI	F9-33	Synchronous motor back EMF identification initial current
F9-15	T-axis current loop KP	F9-34	Synchronous motor back EMF identification final current
F9-16	T-axis current loop KI	F9-35	Synchronous motor tuning current loop KP
F9-17	Synchronous motor flux weakening mode	F9-36	Synchronous motor tuning current loop Ki
F9-18	Synchronous motor flux weakening coefficient		

5.2 Parameters Description

5.2.1 F0 Parameter Group – Basic Parameters

Paramet er Description Minimum Value		Maximu m Value	Unit	Change Permission
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F0-00	Command Source	0	0	3	_	Read/Write		
	Selection			<u> </u>	_	ineau/ write		
	0: Panel control. Press t	he RUN k	key of the	inverter to	run a	nd press the		
	STOP key to stop.							
	1: Terminal control. It	is direc	tly control	lled by th	ne inve	erter control		
	terminal. By default, [Ol1 contro	ols forwar	d rotation	and	DI2 controls		
	reverse rotation.							
	2. Communication contr	ol. It is co	ntrolled by	Modbus R	TU (RS	485).		
	3.Reserved (without th	is param	eter)					
F0-01	Main Frequency	0	1	9		Run		
	Source Selection	U	1	9	_	read-only		
	0: function code setting,	power-of	f memory	1: panel p	otentic	meter		
	2: Al1 3: reserved							
	4: Multi-segment comma	and 5: 1	PLC					
	6: Constant pressure was	ter supply	7: General	l PID				
	8: Communication Settir	ngs						
	9: Reserved							
F0-02	Auxiliary Frequency	0	0	9		Run		
	Source Selection	U	U	9	_	read-only		
	Same as F0-01							
F0-03	Frequency Source							
1000	Selection	00	00	34	-	Read/Write		
	Bit: frequency source sel	lection			<u> </u>			
	0: main frequency source							
	1: primary and seconda		ion results	(the opera	ation re	elationship is		
	determined by ten digits	-		, ,		•		
	2. Switch between the n	-	iency sour	ce and the	auxilia	ry frequency		
	source	·	•					
	3. Switch between m	ain frequ	iency sour	ce and r	nain a	ind auxiliary		
	operation results.					-		
	4. The auxiliary frequer	ncy source	e and the	main and	auxilia	ry operation		
	results							
	Ten digits: the main ar	nd auxilia	ry operati	on relatio	nship (of frequency		
	source.							
	0: Primary + Secondary							
	1: Primary - secondary							
	2: The maximum value o	of both						
	3: The minimum value o	f both						
F0-04	Acceleration Time	0	Depends	500.0	seco	Read/Write		

			on		nd			
			model					
	The acceleration time required for the inverter to accelerate from 0 Hz to							
	the upper limit frequence	y (F0-09).		T	T			
F0-05		_	Depends		seco	.,		
	Deceleration Time	0	on 	500.0	nd	Read/Write		
			model					
	The deceleration time	•		erter to d	ecelera	ate from the		
70.06	upper limit frequency (F	0-09) to 0	Hz.		I			
F0-06	Control Terminal DC	0	1	2	_	Run		
	Output Selection					read-only		
	0: 5V Output 5V D	•						
	1: 10V Output vo	•						
	2: 24V Output DC	24V volta	ge	T	T			
F0-07	Analog Input and	0000	0000	5555	_	Run		
	Output Signal Format					read-only		
	0: 0-10V 1: 0-20mA	2: 4-20m	A 3: 20-4	lmA 4: 2	0-0mA	5:10-0V		
	Bit: Al1; Hundreds: AO				ı			
F0-08	Stop Mode	0	0	1	-	Read/Write		
	0: Ramp to stop. After the shutdown command is effective, the inverter							
	reduces the output frequency	•	_	ne decelera	ation ti	me and		
	stops after the frequenc	-		1 · · · · · · · · ·				
	1: Coast to stop. After th							
	immediately stops the o	utput, and	the motor	r stops free	ely acco	ording to the		
F0-09	mechanical inertia.	F0-10	F0 0	E00.0	Цэ	Pood ///rito		
FU-U9	Frequency Upper limit		50.0	599.9	Hz	Read/Write		
F0-10	Inverter maximum outpu	0.0	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Dood (Mrito		
1,0-10	Frequency Lower limit Inverter minimum output			FU-U9	П	Read/Write		
F0-11	inverter minimum outpu	it irequeii	Depends					
1.0-11	Torque Boost	0	on	30.0	%	Read/Write		
	Torque boost		model	30.0	/0	Read/ Write		
	Under the V/F control m	ode the c		ue of the r	notor i	c relatively		
	low in low frequency op					-		
	' '	-						
	parameter; However, the torque boost setting is too large, the motor is							
	easy to overheat, and the inverter is easy to overcurrent. When the load is heavy and the starting torque of the motor is							
	insufficient, it is recomm		•					
	is light, the torque can b			parame	VVI	.c the load		
F0-12	Torque Boost Cut-off	0.0	50.0	F8-03	Hz	Run		
1.0-17	Torque boost cut-on	0.0	30.0	F0-U3	ПΖ	Nuii		

	Frequency					read-only	
	Below this frequency, th	e torque k	oost is effe	ective, and	beyon	d this set	
	frequency, the torque bo	oost fails.					
F0-13			Depends				
	Switching Frequency	1.0	on	16.0	kHz	Read/Write	
			model				
	This function adjusts the	switching	g frequency	of the inv	erter. \	When the	
	switching frequency is lo	w, the hig	her harmo	nic compo	nent o	f the output	
	current increases, the m	otor loss i	ncreases, a	nd the mo	otor ter	nperature	
	rises. When the switchin	ig frequen	cy is high, t	the motor	loss de	ecreases, the	
	motor temperature rises	-		•			
	The loss of inverter incre		temperatu	re rise of i	nverter	increases,	
	and the interference inc	reases.	Г		ı		
F0-14	Output Phase	0	0	1	_	Read/Write	
	Sequence			_		1100.0, 11110	
	0: UVW 1: UW\						
	Changing this parameter	can chan	ge the mot	or direction	n with	out changing	
	the motor wiring.						
	Note: after the parameter		•				
	default value of 0, so be		some occa	asions whe	ere it is	forbidden	
70.45	to change the motor dire		_		I	.,	
F0-15	Speed Tracking Start	0	0	1	-	Read/Write	
	0: Disable						
	1: Enable				.1 . 1		
	When the inverter starts				aetect	tne motor	
E0 16	speed and control it from		I		11-	Dood (\A/vita	
F0-16	Preset Frequency	F0-10	F8-03	F0-09	Hz "Dinita	Read/Write	
	When the target frequency setting mode is selected as "Digital Setting",						
	this parameter sets the initial value for the target frequency of the						
	inverter. After the target frequency is modified by the "Up/Down" key, this						
	parameter will become i	•	•	• •	• •		
	modified again.	iivaliu teli	iporarily, u	111633 (1113	Jaranie	etel 15	
F0-17	Low Frequency Action	0	0	2	_	Read/Write	
1.0-17	0: Running at lower lim		_		_	Read/ Wille	
		iit irequeii	Су				
	1: Stop						
	2: Zero-speed running	ic bolow i	المحسوا مطا	mit fua acce	.n.a ±l-		
	When the set frequency			-	ency, th	e running	
F0-18	state of the inverter can Command Source &	000	000			Poad/\\/rita	
1.0-10	Command Source &	UUU	000	999	_	Read/Write	

Frequency Source Binding								
Binding								
Dit and the second consequent binding from the second column								
Bit: operation panel command binding frequency source sele	ection							
0: no binding	LLID/DO\A/NI							
	1: The up and down keys on the panel are given (the terminal UP/DOWN							
	can be modified, and the power-off memory)							
2: Panel potentiometer								
3: Al1								
4: Reserved								
5: Multi-speed								
6: PLC								
7: Constant pressure water supply PID								
8: General PID								
9: Communication Settings								
Ten bits: terminal command binding frequency source select								
Hundred bits: communication command binding frequency s	ource							
selection								
Define the binding combination between three running com								
channels and nine channels with given frequencies, which is	convenient to							
realize synchronous switching.								
F0-19 Reserved								
F0-20 STOP Key Function 0 1 1 -	Read/Write							
0: Only in keyboard operation mode, the stop function of it i								
1: Under any operation mode, the stop function of it is effect								
F0-21 Jog Running Frequency 0.0 2.0 F0-09 Hz	Read/Write							
$egin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Read/Write							
$oxed{F0-23}$ Jog Deceleration Time 0.0 20.0 6500.0 nd	Read/Write							
F0-21-F0-23 defines the given frequency and acceleration ar	d							
deceleration time of the inverter when jogging.								
F0-24 Reset to Factory 0 0 65535 -	Run							
Parameters 0 0 65535 -	read-only							
1: Reset the factory settings.								
F0-25 Select the Display 1 1 3 -	Run							
Menu Type.	read-only							
1: Default menu								
2: Only the parameters changed by the user are displayed.								
3: Reserved								

Paramet er	Description	Minim um Value	Default Value	Maxim um Value	Unit	Change Permission			
F1-00	DI1 Terminal Function	0	1	35	_	Run			
	Selection		_			read-only			
	0: No function								
	1: Forward running FWD								
	2: Reverse running REV								
	3: Three-wire mode run	_	ol						
	4: Two-wire/three-wire	switching							
	5: Forward jog								
	6: Reverse jog								
	7: Fault reset								
	8: Multi-segment com								
	9: Multi-segment com								
	10: Multi-segment comm			l (
	11: External stop terminal, which is only valid for panel control.								
	12: Coast stop, that is, blocking PWM output.								
	13: External terminal shutdown (deceleration time 2, which is valid at any								
	time)								
	14: Emergency stop 15: DC braking								
	16: Deceleration DC brak	vin σ							
	17: External fault input (_	anon)						
		•	•						
	18: External fault norma	-	•						
	19: Running Command switch terminal 1								
	F0-00=1 or 2 is effective. When F0 00=1, this terminal can perform external terminal and keyboard.								
	When F0-00=1, this terminal can perform external terminal and keyboard								
	key switching. When F0-00-2 this terminal can perform communication and keyboard								
	When F0-00=2, this terminal can perform communication and keyboard								
	key switching. 20: Command source switching terminal 2								
	20: Command source switching terminal 2 Used for switching between external terminal control and communication								
	command control; If the								
	when this terminal is val					•			
	and vice versa.	, 5 *** 10011							
	21: Terminal UP								
	22: Terminal DOWN								
		cleared							
	23: UP/DOWN setting is cleared.								

24: Frequency source switching

	25: Switch between the main frequency source and the preset frequency. 26: Switch between auxiliary frequency source and preset frequency. 27: Effective terminal for frequency setting. 28: Acceleration and deceleration are prohibited. 29: Acceleration and deceleration time selection terminal 1 30: PLC status reset 31: Speed control/torque control switching 32: Water shortage 33: Full of water 34: Secondary target pressure setting 35: Running pause						
F1-01	DI2 Terminal Function Selection Same as DI1.	0	2	35	-	Run read-only	
F1-02	DI3 Terminal Function Selection	0	8	35	-	Run read-only	
F1-03	Same as DI1. DI4 Terminal Function Selection	0	9	35	-	Run read-only	
F1-04	Same as DI1. Reserved						
F1-05	DI4-DI1 Terminal Effective Mode Selection	00000	00000	11111	-	Run read-only	
	0: The high level is active 1: The low level is active Each of the five digits can correspond to the valid r Bit: DI1; Ten: DI2; Hundre	n only cho nodes of I	DI1~4. The	y are:	pective	ely	
F1-06	Terminal Command Mode	0	0	3	-	Run read-only	
	0 : Two-wire mode 1 1 : Three-wire mode 2	Two-wire	mode 2	2: Three-	wire m	ode 1 3 :	
F1-07	DO Output Terminal Effective State Selection	0000	0000	1111	-	Read/Write	
	0: Positive logic 1. Ne Define the output logic of	gative log of the outp		•	en bits	: Relay 2	
F1-08	Relay 1 Output	0	1	27	-	Read/Write	

	000 Carica High Drataction Invertor Hear Manual
-	980 Series High Protection Inverter User Manual
	Function Selection
	The output terminal of each relay can provide 27 kinds of functions, these
	functions are:
	0: No function.
	1. The inverter is running. The inverter is in the running state, and when
	there is an output frequency (which can be zero), it outputs the ON signal.
	2: Inverter fault. When the inverter fails and stops, it outputs the ON
	signal.
	3: Ready for running. When the power supply of the main circuit and
	control circuit of the inverter is stable, and the inverter does not detect
	any fault information, and the inverter is in an operational state, the ON
	signal is output.
	4: The upper limit frequency arrives. When the operating frequency
	reaches the upper limit frequency, the ON signal is output.
	5: The lower limit frequency arrives. When the operating frequency
	reaches the lower limit frequency, the ON signal is output. This signal is
	OFF in the stop state.

- **6: Torque limit.** In the speed control mode of the inverter, when the output torque reaches the torque limit, the inverter is in the stall protection state and outputs the ON signal at the same time.
- **7. Communication control.** The relay output is controlled by Modbus RTU (RS485).
- 8: Motor overload pre-alarm. Output ON signal before motor overload protection action.
- 9: Inverter overload pre-alarm. Output the ON signal 10s before the overload protection of the inverter occurs.
- **10: Timed time exceeded.** When the running time of the inverter reaches the set timing time (F6-05), it outputs the ON signal.
- 11: The frequency reaches 1. When the operating frequency of the inverter reaches the set value of F1-12, it outputs the ON signal.
- 12: The frequency reaches 2. When the operating frequency of the inverter reaches the set value of F1-14, it outputs the ON signal.
- **13: The current reaches 1.** When the running current of the inverter reaches the set value of F1-16, it outputs the ON signal.
- **14: The current reaches 2.** When the running current of the inverter reaches the set value of F1-18, the ON signal is output.
- 15: Al1 input exceeds the upper or lower limits.

16~21: Reserved

F1-09	Relay 2 Output Function Selection	0	2	27	-	Read/Write

	Same as F1-08							
F1-10	Reserved							
F1-11	Reserved							
F1-12	Relay Output Reaches Frequency Setting Value 1	0.0	50.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	Set value of frequency w ratio based on the rated	•	output fur	nction is se	t to 11	. Set the		
F1-13	Relay Output Reaches Frequency Bandwidth 1	0.0	0.0	100.0	%	Read/Write		
	When the output freque negative detection width ON signal.	•			•			
F1-14	Relay Output Reaches Frequency Setting Value 2	0	50.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	Set value of frequency w ratio based on the rated	•	output fur	nction is se	t to 12	. Set the		
F1-15	Relay Output Reaches Frequency Bandwidth 2	0.0	0.0	100.0	%	Read/Write		
	When the output frequency of the inverter is within the positive and negative detection width of any set arrival frequency, the relay 2 outputs ON signal.							
F1-16	The Relay Output Reaches Current Set Value 1	0.0	100.0	300.0	%	Read/Write		
	Set value of frequency or current when relay output function is set to 13. Set the ratio based on the rated value.							
F1-17	Relay Output Reaches Current Bandwidth 2	0.0	0.0	300.0	%	Read/Write		
	When the output current of the inverter is within the set positive and negative detection width of any arrival current, the relay 1 outputs ON signal.							
F1-18	The Relay Output Reaches Current Set Value 2	0.0	100.0	300.0	%	Read/Write		
	Set value of frequency of Set the ratio based on the		•	output fui	nction	is set to 14.		

F1-19	Relay Output Reaches Frequency Bandwidth 2	0.0	0.0	300.0	%	Read/Write	
	When the output curren negative detection width signal.				•		
F1-20	Relay 1 Output Delay Time	0.0	0.0	3600.0	seco nd	Read/Write	
	Delay time of relay 1 from	m state ch	ange to ac	tual outpu	it chang	ge.	
F1-21	Relay signal off delay time	0.0	0.0	3600.0	seco nd	Read/Write	
	Delay time from relay clo	sure to a	ctual outpu	it closure.			
F1-22	DI1 terminal signal valid delay time	0.0	0.0	3600.0	seco nd	Read/Write	
F1-23	DI1 terminal signal invalid delay time	0.0	0.0	3600.0	seco nd	Read/Write	
F1-24	Al 1 Gain	0	1.00	20.00	-	Run read-only	
	example, AI1 is used as t "0:0-10V", and this paramake the Inverter run at	meter is s	et to 2.00;	Then a 5V			
F1-25	Al 1 Offset	-10.00	0.00	10.00	V	Run read-only	
	Analog input 1 signal offset value, the maximum offset can be +/-10V. For example, Al1 is set as the target frequency, F0-07 is set to "0:0-10V", and this parameter is set to 2.0; Then the 8V input signal can make the inverter run at the maximum frequency. When F0-07 is set to "1:0-20mA", 10.0V of this parameter indicates an offset of 20mA, and other values also correspond linearly. When F0-07 is set to "2:4-20mA", 10.0V of this parameter indicates the offset of 16mA, and the other values also correspond linearly.						
F1-26	Internal calculated value	017112	iocaai iiipa				
F1-27	Reserved						
F1-28	AO1 Output Function Selection	0	0	6	-	Read/Write	
	0: Running frequency. 1: (Target) Set frequency 2: Output current. 100%		ıt signal co	rresponds	to 2 tin	nes the	

	rated current. 3: Output torque. 100% AO output signal corresponds to 2 times the rated torque. This value is the absolute value of torque. 4: Output power. 100% AO output signal corresponds to 2 times the rated power. 5: Output voltage. 100% AO output signal corresponds to 1.2 times the rated voltage. 6. Communication control. The AO output signal is controlled by Modbus RTU (RS485).						
F1-29	Reserved						
F1-30	AO 1 Gain	0	1.00	20.00	-	Read/Write	
	Analog output 1 signal g	ain multip	le, maximu	ım gain up	to 20 t	times.	
F1-31	AO 1 Offset	-10.00	0.00	10.00	V	Read/Write	
	Analog output 1 signal b	ias value,	the maxim	um bias ca	n be +	/-10V.	
F1-32 F1-33	Reserved						

5.2.3 F2 Parameter Group - VF Curve

Parameter	Description	Minimum Value	Default Value	Maximum Value	Unit	Change Permission
F2-00	VF curve setting	0	0	2	-	Run read-only
	0: straight line v/f. 1: multipoint v/f. 2: square v/f. Note: F2-00 ~F2-10	is only valid	when F8	-06 selects "\	V/F Cor	ntrol".
F2-01	Multi-point VF Frequency Point 1	0.0	0.0	F2-03	Hz	Run read-only
F2-02	Multi-point VF Voltage Point 1	0	0	100.0	%	Run read-only
F2-03	Multi-point VF Frequency Point 2	F2-01	0	F2-05	Hz	Run read-only
F2-04	Multi-point VF Voltage Point 2	0	0	100.0	%	Run read-only
F2-05	Multi-point VF Frequency Point 3	F2-03	0	F2-07	Hz	Run read-only
F2-06	Multi-point VF	0	0	100.0	%	Run

	Voltage Point 3					read-only
F2-07	Multi-point VF					Run
	Frequency Point 4	F2-05	0	F2-09	Hz	read-only
F2-08	Multi-point VF	_	_			Run
	Voltage Point 4	0	0	100.0	%	read-only
F2-09	Multi-point VF					Run
	Frequency Point 5	F2-07	0	F0-09	Hz	read-only
F2-10	Multi-point VF	0	0.0	100.0	0/	Run
	Voltage Point 5	0	0.0	100.0	%	read-only
	F2-01~F2-10 param	eters define	five V/F	curves.		-
	Voltage relationship	o: the voltag	e of each	section can	be set a	arbitrarily
	and can be assigned	d reasonably	accordin a	g to the load	d charac	cteristics.
	Frequency relations	ship: the mu	lti-point \	//F curve of f	five-seg	gment
	frequency > four-se	gment frequ	uency > th	ree-segmen	t frequ	ency >
	two-segment frequ	ency > one-	segment f	requency.		
	Multi-point VF shou	uld be set ac	cording to	o the load ch	aracter	ristics of the
	motor.					
	When the low-frequency		-	_		•
	overheat or even be		the inver	ter may be o	over-rui	n or
	over-current protec	cted.		T	T	T
F2-11	VF Over-current					Run
	Stall Action	50	150	200	%	read-only
F0.40	Current					,
F2-12	VF Over-current	0	1	1	_	Run
	Stall Enable					read-only
	0: Disable					
E2 12	1: Enable					
F2-13	VF Over-current	0	20	100		Dood /\A/rito
	Stall Inhibition Gain	U	20	100	-	Read/Write
F2-14	VF Multiple					
1 2-17	Over-current Stall					
	Action Current	50	50	200	_	Run
	Compensation	30		200		read-only
	Coefficient					
	In high frequency a	rea. the mot	tor drive o	urrent is sm	all, rela	tive to the
	rated frequency, un	-			-	
	large, in order to im			-	•	•
	reduce the rated fre	•	_			•
	centrifuge such as r					
	weakening and load		•	_		
						- ·

	method has good e	ffect on acc	eleration.								
F2-15	VF Overexcitation Gain	0	64	200	-	Read/Write					
	In the process of in	verter decel	eration, o	ver magneti:	zing cor	ntrol can					
	restrain the rise of I	restrain the rise of bus voltage and avoid overvoltage fault. The greater									
	the over magnetizing gain, the stronger the inhibition effect.										
	When the inverter is prone to overvoltage alarm during deceleration, it										
	is necessary to increase the over magnetizing gain. However, the over										
	magnetizing gain is too large, which easily leads to the increase of										
	output current, so i		_	• •							
	When the inertia is			•		_					
	deceleration, so it is				•	• •					
	0. To places that have requirements of braking resistor, also suggested										
	that over magnetizi	ng gain is se			T	I					
F2-16	VF Overvoltage		Depend			Run					
	Stall Action	200.0	on	2000.0	V	read-only					
	voitage model										
	VF overvoltage stall	running vo	tage.		I	I					
F2-17	VF Overvoltage	0	1	1	_	Run					
	Stall Enable	_				read-only					
	0: Disable										
TA 40	1: Enable					Ι					
F2-18	VF Overvoltage										
	Stall Inhibition	0	30	100	-	Read/Write					
	Frequency Gain										
	Increasing F2-18 wi	•				_					
	the output frequen	•		•	quency	fluctuates					
F2 10	greatly, F2-18 can b	e appropria	tely reduc	ced.		I					
F2-19	VF Overvoltage		20	400		5 1/14/11					
	Stall Inhibition	0	30	100	-	Read/Write					
	Voltage Gain				•-						
F2 20	Increasing F2-19 ca	n reduce the	e oversho	ot of DC bus	voltage	2. ⊺					
F2-20	Maximum Rising										
	Limiting	0	5	50	Hz	Run					
	Frequency of	_				read-only					
	Overpressure Stall										
	Limit of maximum r	ising freque	ency of ove	ervoltage inf	hibition	•					

5.2.4 F3 Parameter Group – Start/Stop Process Control

	miletti eretip ett	20, 200 p 2 2 2 3 5	222 0 0 1111 0 1			
Parameter	Description	Minimum	Default	Maximum	Unit	Change
Parameter	Description	Value	Value	Value	Oilit	Permission

F3-00	Start Frequency	0.0	0.0	10.0	Hz	Read/Write		
	To ensure the me	otor torque	at start,	please set	the appro	opriate start		
F3-01	frequency. Start Frequency Hold Time	0.0	0.0	100.0	second	Run read-only		
	In order to fully enecessary to keep		_			r starts, it is		
F3-02	Start DC Braking Current	0	0	100	%	Run read-only		
	The greater the D set to 0, the invert Set the time, but value corresponds	ter will still p there is no	perform the braking for	e braking pro orce at this	ocess for	F3-03.		
F3-03	Start DC Braking Time	0.0	0.0	100.0	second	Run read-only		
	Duration of starting	g DC brakin	g.					
F3-04	DC Braking Initial Frequency at Stop	0.0	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	In the process of deceleration and stop, when the running frequency decreases to this frequency, the DC braking process begins.							
F3-05	DC Braking Waiting Time at Stop	0.0	0.0	100.0	second	Read/Write		
	After the running frequency is reduced to the starting frequency of stopping DC braking, the inverter stops outputting for a period of time before starting DC.							
	Braking process. I may be caused wh		•			r faults that		
F3-06	DC Braking Current at Stop	0	0	100	%	Read/Write		
	There are two situations of DC braking current relative to the basic value. 1. When the rated current of the motor is less than or equal to 80% of the rated current of the inverter, it is the base value of the percentage							
	relative to the rated current of the motor. 2. When the rated current of the motor is greater than 80% of the rated current of the inverter, it is percentage relatively 80% inverter rated current to the base value.							
F3-07	DC Braking Time	0.0	0.0	100.0	second	Read/Write		
	The duration of Do	C braking. W	hen this v	alue is 0, the	DC braki	ng process		

	is cancelled.								
F3-08	Acceleration and Deceleration Mode	0	0	1	_	Run read-only			
	0: linear accelerat	ion and dec	eleration. 1	The output f	requency	increases or			
	decreases in a stra	ight line.							
	1: S curve acceleration fixed, the output for curve.				_				
F3-09	S-curve Initial Time Proportion	0.0	30.0	7.0	%	Run read-only			
	The proportion of deceleration, during gradually increase	ng which th	e slope of o	output frequ	iency cha	nge			
F3-10	S-curve End Time Proportion	0.0	30.0	7.0	%	Run read-only			
	deceleration of the frequency change	The proportion of the time at the end of the acceleration and deceleration of the S-curve, during which the slope of the output frequency change decreases gradually. In time between the beginning and the end, the inverter output frequency is increased or decreased							
F3-11	Acceleration Time 2	0.1	Depends on model	6500.0	second	Read/Write			
F3-12	Deceleration Time 2	0.1	Depends on model	6500.0	second	Read/Write			
F3-13	Acceleration & Deceleration Time 1-2 Switching Frequency Point	0.0	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write			
	It is used to select to the running free					e according			
F3-14	Skip Frequency	0.0	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write			
	When the target for final running frequency resonar the reference value	uency of the vivalue outs nce point of	inverter wide the ran	vill avoid the ge. It can be al equipmen	range an used to a t. This pa	d run stably avoid the rameter is			

F3-15	Skip Frequency Bandwidth	0.0	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	Used in combinati	on with F3-	14, set spe	cific skip fred	quency ra	inge		
	(F3-14-F3-15) ~ (F	3-14+ F3-15). After this	s range is en	abled, th	e actual		
	operating frequen	cy of the inv	verter is a h	nysteresis cu	rve: whe	n the		
	frequency rises fro	om low to w	ithin the ra	ange, the fre	quency re	emains at		
	the low frequency	boundary;	When the	frequency de	ecreases	from high to		
	within the range,	the frequen	cy remains	at the high	frequency	y boundary;		
F3-16	Forward/Reverse Dead Time	0.0	0.0	3000.0	second	Read/Write		
	Set the transition	time at the	output of C	Hz during th	e forwar	d and		
	reverse transitions of the inverter.							
F3-17	Reverse Control	0	0	1	-	Read/Write		
	0: Reverse is allow	red.						
	1: Reverse is prohibited.							
F3-18	Brake Unit Duty	0	50	100	%	Read/Write		
	If the bra	aking						
	utilization rate is high, the braking unit has a high duty cycle and strong							
	braking effect. Ho	wever, the b	us voltage	of the inver	ter fluctu	ates greatly		
	in the braking pro	cess. When	set to 0, br	ake unit is n	ot enable	ed.		
F3-19	Brake Unit		Depends					
	Action Voltage	200.0	on	1000.0	V	Read/Write		
	Action voitage		model					
	Built-in starting vo	•	_	-		oltage is		
	higher than this vo	oltage, the b	raking unit	t will start to	act.			
F3-20	Speed Tracking Mode	0	1	2	-	Run read-only		
	0: Start with the s	hutdown fre	equency. Tr	acking dowr	from the	e frequency		
	when the power is	s off.						
	1: Start from the preset frequency. Track upward from the preset							
	frequency and use	e it when the	e power is	cut off for a	long time	and then		
	restarted.							
	2: Start with the n			•	from the	e maximum		
	frequency, genera	lly used by ફ	i -		Τ			
F3-21	Speed Tracking	1	50	100	-	Read/Write		
	When speed track	•	•	•	•	_		
	the parameter is,		_	•		the		
F2 22	parameter is too l	arge, the tra		t may be un	reliable.			
F3-22	Speed Tracking	0	Depends	1000	_	Read/Write		
	Current Loop Kp	_	on			,		

			model			
	F3-22-F3-26 parar	neters need	not be set	by users.		
F3-23	Speed Tracking Current Loop ki	0	Depends on model	1000	-	Read/Write
F3-24	Speed Tracking Current Value	5	Depends on model	200	%	Read/Write
F3-25	Speed Tracking Current Lower Limit	5	30	100	%	Run read-only
F3-26	Speed Tracking Voltage Rising Time	0.5	1.1	3.0	second	Run read-only
F3-27	Demagnetizing Time	0.00	1.00	5.00	second	Run read-only
	The demagnetizing start-up, and this function is turned of the setting value.	function will on.	II take effec	t only after	the speed	d tracking

5.2.5 F4 Parameter Group – Multi-segment Command

Paramet er	Description	Minimu m Value	Default Value	Maximu m Value	Unit	Change Permission		
F4-00	Multi-segment	0	0			Darad (NA) dia		
	Command 0	0	0	6	_	Read/Write		
	Frequency Source	`						
	0: Digital setting (F4-01)							
	1: Preset frequency							
	2: Panel potentiometer							
	3: AI1							
	4: Reserved							
	5: PID							
	6: Reserved							
F4-01	Multi-segment							
	Command 0	-F0-09	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	Frequency							
F4-02	Multi-segment							
	Command 1	-F0-09	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	Frequency							
F4-03	Multi-segment	-F0-09	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		

	Command 2							
	Frequency							
F4-04	Multi-segment							
	Command 3	-F0-09	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	Frequency							
F4-05	Multi-segment							
	Command 4	-F0-09	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	Frequency							
F4-06	Multi-segment					_		
	Command 5	-F0-09	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	Frequency							
F4-07	Multi-segment							
	Command 6	-F0-09	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	Frequency							
F4-08	Multi-segment							
	Command 7	-F0-09	0.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	Frequency							
	Multi-segment command can be used in three occasions: as frequency source, as voltage source of VF separation, and as setting source of							
	source, as voltage source of VF separation, and as setting source of							
	process PID.							
	'	the state of		102				
	In three applications,			_				
	In three applications, relative value, ranging	from-100.	0% to 100.	0%, which	is the p	ercentage of		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq	from-100. uency who	0% to 100. en used as	0%, which frequency	is the p	ercentage of ; When used		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta	from-100.0 uency who ge source	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe	0%, which frequency rcentage r	is the p source elative	ercentage of ; When used to the rated		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor	from-100. uency who ge source r; Since F	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting	0%, which frequency rcentage r	is the p source elative ally re	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value,		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment command	from-100. uency who ge source r; Since F and as F	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting	0%, which frequency rcentage r	is the p source elative ally re	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value,		
F/_00	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion	from-100. uency who ge source r; Since F and as F	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re	ercentage of ; When used to the rated lative value, not require		
F4-09	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion PLC Running Mode	from-100. uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting O	0%, which frequency rcentage r	is the p source elative ally re	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value,		
F4-09	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion PLC Running Mode 0: Stop at the end of a	from-100. uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0 a single rui	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting PID setting 0 nning.	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re does	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value, not require		
F4-09	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion PLC Running Mode 0: Stop at the end of a 1: The final value is m	from-100. uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0 a single rui	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting PID setting 0 nning.	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re does	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value, not require		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion PLC Running Mode 0: Stop at the end of a 1: The final value is m 2: Keep circulating	from-100. uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0 a single rui	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting PID setting 0 nning.	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re does	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value, not require		
F4-09	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion PLC Running Mode 0: Stop at the end of a 1: The final value is m 2: Keep circulating PLC Power Off	from-100. uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0 a single rui	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting PID setting 0 nning.	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re does	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value, not require Read/Write		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion PLC Running Mode 0: Stop at the end of a 1: The final value is m 2: Keep circulating PLC Power Off Memory Selection	from-100.0 uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0 a single rui aintained	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting O nning. at the end	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re does	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value, not require		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion PLC Running Mode O: Stop at the end of a 1: The final value is m 2: Keep circulating PLC Power Off Memory Selection Bit: power-down memory	from-100. uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0 a single rui aintained 00 ory selection	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting Onning. at the end 00 on	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re does	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value, not require Read/Write		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion PLC Running Mode 0: Stop at the end of a 1: The final value is m 2: Keep circulating PLC Power Off Memory Selection Bit: power-down memory on the power who	from-100. uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0 a single rui aintained 00 ory selection	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting Onning. at the end 00 on	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re does	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value, not require Read/Write		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion PLC Running Mode 0: Stop at the end of a 1: The final value is m 2: Keep circulating PLC Power Off Memory Selection Bit: power-down memory 0: Don't remember who 1: Power-off memory	from-100. uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0 o single rui aintained 00 ory selection	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting Onning. at the end 00 on	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re does	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value, not require Read/Write		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion PLC Running Mode O: Stop at the end of a 1: The final value is m 2: Keep circulating PLC Power Off Memory Selection Bit: power-down memory Selection 1: Power-off memory Selection 1: Power-off memory Selection 2: Power-off memory Selection 3: Power-off memory 3: Power-o	from-100.0 uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0 a single run aintained ory selection election	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting Onning. at the end 00 on is off.	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re does	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value, not require Read/Write		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation voltate voltage of the motor multi-segment commendimensional conversion PLC Running Mode O: Stop at the end of at 1: The final value is made: Keep circulating PLC Power Off Memory Selection Bit: power-down memory Selection Bit: power-down memory Ten Bit: Stop memory selection Don't remember who is the power-off memory selection Bit: Stop memory selection Bit: Sto	from-100.0 uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0 a single run aintained ory selection election	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting Onning. at the end 00 on is off.	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re does	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value, not require Read/Write		
	In three applications, relative value, ranging relative maximum freq as VF separation volta voltage of the motor multi-segment commodimensional conversion PLC Running Mode O: Stop at the end of a 1: The final value is m 2: Keep circulating PLC Power Off Memory Selection Bit: power-down memory Selection 1: Power-off memory Selection 1: Power-off memory Selection 2: Power-off memory Selection 3: Power-off memory 3: Power-o	from-100.0 uency who ge source r; Since F and as F n. 0 a single run aintained ory selection election	0% to 100. en used as , is the pe PID setting Onning. at the end 00 on is off.	0%, which frequency rcentage rg is origing source	is the p source elative ally re does	ercentage of; When used to the rated lative value, not require Read/Write		

	Unit					
	0: s(second)					
	1: h(hours)					
F4-12	PLC Segment 0	0	0	6500.0	s(h)	Read/Write
	Running Time		0	0300.0	3(11)	ricad, write
F4-13	PLC Segment 0					
	Acceleration &	0	0	1	_	Read/Write
	Deceleration time			_		,
	selection					
	0: Acceleration and dec					
D4.4.4	1: Acceleration and dec	eleration	time 2			I
F4-14	PLC Segment 1	0	0	6500.0	s(h)	Read/Write
D4 4 #	Running Time				. ,	,
F4-15	PLC Segment 1					
	Acceleration &	0	0	1	_	Read/Write
	Deceleration Time Selection					
	Same as F4-13					
F4-16						
Γ4-10	PLC Segment 2 Running Time	0	0	6500.0	s(h)	Read/Write
F4-17	PLC Segment 2					
1 4-17	Acceleration &					
	Deceleration Time	0	0	1	-	Read/Write
	Selection					
	Same as F4-13					<u> </u>
F4-18	PLC Segment 3					
	Running Time	0	0	6500.0	s(h)	Read/Write
F4-19	PLC Segment 3					
	Acceleration &	0	0	4		
	Deceleration Time	0	0	1	_	Read/Write
	Selection					
	Same as F4-13					
F4-20	PLC Segment 4	0	0	6500.0	د/۵۱	Dood ////:t-
	Running Time	0	0	6500.0	s(h)	Read/Write
F4-21	PLC Segment 4					
	Acceleration &	Ω	0	1	_	Read/Write
	Deceleration Time	0	U	1	_	neau/ write
	Selection					
	Same as F4-13				Г	
F4-22	PLC segment 5	0	0	6500.0	s(h)	Read/Write

		_				
	Running Time					
F4-23	PLC segment 5 Acceleration & Deceleration Time Selection	0	0	1	-	Read/Write
	Same as F4-13					
F4-24	PLC segment 6 Running Time	0	0	6500.0	s(h)	Read/Write
F4-25	PLC segment 6 Acceleration & Deceleration Time Selection	0	0	1	-	Read/Write
	Same as F4-13					
F4-26	PLC segment 7 Running Time	0	0	6500.0	s(h)	Read/Write
F4-27	PLC segment 7 Acceleration & Deceleration Time Selection	0	0	1	-	Read/Write
	Same as F4-13					

5.2.6 F5 Parameter Group – PID & Constant Pressure Water Supply Parameters

Paramet	Taineter Group – 1 1D &	Minimu	Default	Maximu		Change
er	Description	m Value	Value	m Value	Unit	Permission
F5-00	PID Reference Source	0	0	4	-	Read/Write
	This parameter is used	to select t	he target o	quantity giv	en cha	annel during
	PID control.					
	0: F5-01 setting 1	l: Al1	2: Re	served		
	3: Panel potentiomete	r	4: Comm	unication		
	No matter which chanr	nel, the set	target qua	antity is a r	elative	value, and
	the set range is 0.0%~100.0%.					
F5-01	PID Reference Value	0.1	3.5	1000.0	Bar	Read/Write
	(Actual Pressure)	0.1	3.5	1000.0	Dai	iteau/ write
	Through the value of the	nis parame	ter, a giver	n amount c	of PID o	control is set.
F5-02	PID Feedback Source	0	0	4	-	Read/Write
	0:Al1 1	. Reserved	l	2. Comn	nunica	tion
	3: DC bus voltage		4: 7	Гетрегаtu	re	
	This parameter is used	to select t	he feedba	ck quantity	in PID	control. For
	a given channel, the fe	edback qu	antity is re	lative as th	e give	n quantity.
F5-03	PID Direction	0	0	1	_	Read/Write
	0: Positive effect. When	n the feedl	oack signal	of PID is le	ess tha	n a given

	amount, the output fre	quency of	the invert	er increase	!S.		
	1: Negative effect. Whe	en the feed	dback signa	al of PID is	less th	an a given	
	amount, the output fre	equency of	inverter d	ecreases.			
	The function of PID cor	ntrol is to r	nake the g	iven quant	ity and	d the	
	feedback quantity the	same. Thro	ough this p	arameter, y	you ca	n set the	
	running trend of the in			a differenc	e betv	veen the	
	given quantity and the	feedback	quantity.	I	T		
F5-04	Acceleration PID	0.0	20.0	6500.0	_	Read/Write	
	Proportional Gain Kp					-	
	The proportional gain of				•		
	strength of the whole PID controller. The greater Kp, the greater the						
	adjustment strength. If		_				
	the given and the feedback is small, the transducer can respond quickly, and the output frequency can vary greatly. But too high a value can cause						
	· ·	ncy can vai	ry greatly.	But too hig	n a va	lue can cause	
E5 05	instability.						
F5-05	Acceleration PID	0.01	0.80	10.00	sec	Read/Write	
	Integral Time Ki)	<u> </u>		ond	d:	
	The integral time of PIC				_	•	
	intensity of PID controller. The shorter the integral time, the greater the						
	adjustment intensity. If this parameter is set too small, the system may shock easily.						
F5-06	Deceleration PID						
	Proportional Gain Kp	0.0	200.0	6500.0	-	Read/Write	
	Same as F5-04						
F5-07	Deceleration PID				sec		
	Integral Time Ki	0.01	0.01	10.00	ond	Read/Write	
	Same as F5-05				0110	<u> </u>	
F5-08	Sensor Type	0	0	3	_	Read/Write	
	0: 0~10V	<u> </u>		l		•	
	1: 4~20mA						
	2: 0~5V						
	3: 0.5V~4.5V						
F5-09	Sensor Range	0.0	16.0	25.0	Bar	Read/Write	
	The maximum pressure						
	nameplate or dial are r		0 - 0 -		,		
F5-10	Sensor Zero		0.0	40.0	_	D 1/14 **	
	Correction	-10.0	0.0	10.0	Bar	Read/Write	
	This parameter is set when there is no pressure in the pipeline and						
	pressure is fed back by		•		- •		
F5-11	Sensor Full-scale	-10.0	0.0	10.0	Bar	Read/Write	

	Correction						
	This parameter is set w	hen the p	ressure dis	played on	the pre	essure gauge	
	is inconsistent with the	feedback	pressure a	fter the pi	peline	is	
	pressurized.						
F5-12	Sleep Frequency	0	20.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write	
	When the inverter dete	ects that th	ne feedbac	k pressure	reach	es the target	
	value, the frequency w	ill be redu	ced to this	paramete	r value	, and the	
	inverter will sleep and	stop.					
F5-13	Sleep Delay Time	0.0	0.0	1200.0	sec ond	Read/Write	
	During the running of the inverter, when the set frequency is less than						
	f5-12 sleep frequency, after the F5-13 sleep delay time, the inverter						
	enters the sleep state and automatically stops.						
F5-14	Sleep Pressure Offset	0	8	100	%	Read/Write	
	Percentage relative to target pressure.						
F5-15	Frequency Step of	0.0	3.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write	
	Sleep Deceleration	0.0	3.0	10 03	112	Reday Wille	
	Effective at constant or critical pressure.						
F5-16	Sleep Deceleration	60.0	60.0	600.0	sec	Read/Write	
	Time Delay				ond	·	
	Note: f5-14 ~ f5-16 is e	1					
F5-17	Wake Up Pressure	0	80	100	%	Read/Write	
	Wake up pressure value	-		•	-	•	
	to 80%, the feedback p	ressure is	10 bar, and	the press	ure wa	ike-up is 8	
DF 10	bar.		450	200	0/	D 1/04/3	
F5-18	Pressure Upper Limit	0	150	300	%	Read/Write	
	The percentage of the			eding this	pressu	re, an	
D5 10	overpressure fault err5	is report	ea.				
F5-19	Water Shortage	0.0	120.0	1200.0	sec	Read/Write	
	Detection Time				ond	ation .	
E5 20	It takes time from water	er pump w	ater snorta	ige to alari	naete	ction.	
F5-20	Water Shortage	0	45.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write	
	Detection Frequency	achos tha	cot value	the curren	t is love	var than tha	
	When the frequency reset value of F5-21 or the						
	Err52 water shortage fa	-		iiaii tile se	t value	OI F3-22,	
F5-21	Water Shortage	aurt is rept	n teu.				
1.2-21	Detection Current	0	40	200	%	Read/Write	
	Percentage of motor rated current. When the current is lower than this						
	_				13 10 00 0	zi tilali tilis	
	value, it is reported that err52 is short of water.						

F5-22	Water Shortage	0	20	100	%	Read/Write	
	Detection Pressure					-	
	Percentage of target pr		•	essure is lo	wer th	nan this, it is	
	reported that err52 is s	hort of wa	ater.				
F5-23	Water Shortage	1	20	2000	Min	Read/Write	
	Restart Time		20	2000	141111	Reday Wille	
	The inverter will restart	t automati	cally after	this time.			
F5-24	Water Shortage Auto	0	50	100	%	Read/Write	
	Restart Pressure	U	30	100	/0	Read/ Wille	
	Percentage of target pressure.						
F5-25	Antifreeze Function	0	0	1	-	Read/Write	
	0: Disable						
	1: enable						
F5-26	Antifreeze Running					- 16	
	Frequency	2.0	10.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write	
	When f5-25 is set to 1, the antifreeze function takes effect, and the						
	inverter runs at this fre				,		
F5-27	Antifreeze Running	•			sec	.,.	
	Time	60.0	60.0	3600.0	ond	Read/Write	
	The time of single runn	ing when	the inverte	er is enable	d with	anti-freezing	
	function.						
F5-28	Anti-freezing running		22	4.4.40		D 1/24 ::	
	period	0	30	1440	Min	Read/Write	
	Running period of inve	rter when	antifreeze	function is	enabl	ed.	
F5-29	Auto start enable	0	0	1	-	Read/Write	
	0: Forbidden		1	ı	1		
	1: Enabled						
F5-30	Auto start delay	0	10	120		Read/Write	
	time(only Water	-					
	supply mode)						
F5-31	Reserved						
~F5-42							

5.2.7 F6 Parameter Group – Extend Parameter

Paramet er	Description	Minimu m Value	Default Value	Maximu m Value	Unit	Change Permission	
F6-00	Main Menu Display Auto Switching	0	1	1	_	Read/Write	
	0: Switching is prohibited. When the display is switched from the frequency interface to other interfaces, it is forbidden to automatically switch back to the frequency interface.						

	T						
	1: Automatic switching.					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	interface to other interf	-		ically switc	h back	to the	
	frequency interface after	er 10 secor	nds.	T	T		
F6-01	Parameter	0	0	1	_	Read/Write	
	Modification Attribute			_		Reday Write	
	0: Allow modification.						
	1. No modification is allowed.						
	When this parameter is	set to 1, t	he inverte	r is forbidd	en to r	nodify the	
	parameter, and it must be set to 0 before it can be changed.						
F6-02	LED2 Display Data						
	Selection(Double	0	2	10		Danel (Marita	
	Display Reserved	0	2	12	-	Read/Write	
	Parameters)						
	0:Running Frequency						
	1:Running Speed						
	2:Output Current						
	3:DC Bus Voltage						
	4:Output Voltage						
	5:Output Power						
	6:PID Feedback						
	7:Power frequency pump current						
F6-03	7.1 Ower frequency puri	ip current				Run	
1.0-03	User Password	0	0	65535	_		
	The invertor provides th		schord bro	tostion fur	action	read-only	
	The inverter provides the	•	•				
	is SET to non-zero, it is t	•		•	•		
	take effect after exiting			•		•	
	again, "" will be dis			put the use	er pass	word	
T(0.4	correctly to enter the pa	arameter i	nterface.				
F6-04	Set Inverter Power on	0	0	17520	hou	Read/Write	
	Time				r	-	
	After the accumulated p					•	
	the inverter reports a fa	ult Err20.	The functi	on of this p	parame	eter is invalid	
	when it is set to 0.		Г	Γ	T		
F6-05	Set Inverter Running	0.0	0.0	6500.0	min	Read/Write	
	Time	0.0	0.0	0300.0	111111	incady write	
	When the frequency co	nverter sta	arts, it will	start timin	g. Whe	en the	
	running time reaches th	is value, t	he frequer	ncy convert	er will	stop	
	automatically. This para	meter is ir	nvalid whe	n the value	is set	to 0.	
F6-06	Switching Frequency						
	Adjusting with	0	1	1	_	Read/Write	
	Temperature		_	_			
			l	l		<u> </u>	

E/ 05	When the inverter detects that the radiator temperature is high, it automatically reduces the switching frequency to reduce the temperature rise of the inverter. When the radiator temperature is low, the switching frequency gradually returns to the set value. This parameter is disabled when the value is set to 0. Switching Frequency						
F6-07	Switching Frequency Adjusting Start Temperature	0	55	150	$^{\circ}$	Read/Write	
	When the inverter dete value of this parameter, frequency is adjusted w	F6-06 fun	ction is eff	ective, and			
F6-08	Switching Frequency Adjusting Time	0.1	20.0	50.0	S	Read/Write	
	When the inverter detects that the heat sink temperature exceeds the set value of F6-07, the switching frequency starts to adjust after the set time of F6-08.						
F6-09	DPWM Switching Frequency	5.0	F8-03	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write	
	This parameter is valid only for VF control. When the asynchronous VF is running, the wave sending mode is 7-segment continuous modulation mode below this value, and on the contrary, it is 5-segment intermittent modulation mode. For 7-segment continuous modulation, the switch loss of an inverter is large, but the current ripple is small; The switching loss is small, and the current ripple is large in the 5 - segment discontinuous modulation mode. However, it may lead to instability of motor operation at high frequency, and generally does not need to be modified.						
F6-10	Excessive Speed Deviation Detection Value	0.0	30.0	100.0	%	Read/Write	
F6-11	Excessive Speed Deviation Detection Time This function is only vali	0.0	0.00	60.0	S	Read/Write	
	When this parameter is will be cancelled.				-		
F6-12	Motor Overload Protection Gain Used to adjust the gain inverter.	0.20 multiple o	1.00 If the set va	10.00 alue of ove	rload (Read/Write current in the	
	Note: Increasing this parameter means increasing the overload current, so						

	improper setting may be	urn out th	e motor.					
F6-13	External Temperature Sensor Type	0	0	3	-	Read/Write		
	0: Disable. 1: PT100	ı	I					
	2: PT1000 3: 5k NTC re	2: PT1000 3: 5k NTC resistance						
F6-14	Overtemperature Protection Threshold	0	200	200	$^{\circ}$ C	Read/Write		
	When the temperature threshold, the inverter v			or exceeds	the pr	otection		
F6-15	Start Protection Selection	0	0	1	-	Read/Write		
	If the parameter is set to command if the running on or after a fault is resolved before the inverter resp	g comman et. The rur	d is valid w nning comr	hen the in mand must	verter be rei	is powered		
F6-16	Fault Enable Selection 1	00000	01111	11111	-	Read/Write		
	O: Protection is prohibited. 1: Enable protection Bit: Relay closing fault Ten bits: Output open-phase protection. Hundred bits: Input open-phase protection. Thousand bit: Power-on short-circuit protection to ground. Ten thousand bits: output detection before operation (including grounding and phase loss)							
F6-17	Fault Enable Selection 2	00000	00001	11111	-	Read/Write		
	0: Protection is Prohibited. 1: Enable protection Bit: Motor overload protection selection Ten bits: Al input lower limit protection selection Hundred bits: Reserved Thousand bits: Reserved Ten thousand bits: Reserved							
F6-18	Fault Auto Reset Times	0	0	20	tim e	Read/Write		
	Inverter can automatically reset after fault alarm. After this number is exceeded, the inverter will remain in a fault state. When set to 0, the automatic reset function is not enabled.							
F6-19	Fault Auto Reset Interval Time	0.1	1.0	100.0	sec ond	Read/Write		

	The waiting time from the inverter fault alarm to the automatic fault								
	reset.								
F6-20	Drop load protection selection	0	0	1	-	Read/Write			
	0: Invalid								
	1: Valid								
	When the parameter is set to 1, the output current of the inverter is less								
	than F6-21 and the duration is greater than F6-22, and the output frequency								
	is automatically reduced	•		-					
	the system continues to					ŕ			
F6-21	Drop load detection level	0.0	10.0	100.0	%	Read/Write			
F6-22	Drop load detection time	0.0	1.0	60.0	S	Read/Write			
F6-23	Voltage sag function	0	0	2	-	Run			
	selection					read-only			
	0: Invalid	I				•			
	1: Deceleration. When the voltage of the inverter decreases suddenly								
	(including but not lim		_						
	decelerates. When the line voltage returns to normal and the duration exceeds F6-25, the inverter accelerates to the original set frequency normally.								
	2: Ramp to stop. Wh	en the vo	ltage of th	e inverter	decrea	ases suddenly			
	(including but not limit	ited to in	stantaneou	s power fa	ailure)	, the inverter			
	ramps to stop.	Olara Para and			1	a aloralia a la colo			
	When the voltage of				•	J			
	not limited to instant								
	voltage drops belov					•			
	frequency, so that the	motor is	in the sta	te of gene	erating	g power. This			
	function can make the		0,						
	voltage maintain the	busbar	voltage a	t about F	6-26,	so that the			
	system can normally of	decelerate	e to 0Hz. V	When the b	us volt	tage returns to			
	F6-24 and the duration			ne inverter	acce	lerates to the			
	original setting frequence								
F6-24	Voltage sag judging	80	85	100	%	Run			
	voltage					read-only			
F6-25	Voltage sag recovery	0.0	0.5	100.0	S	Run			
	judging time			400		read-only			
F6-26	Voltage sag action judging voltage	60	80	100	%	Read/Write			
F6-27	Voltage sag gain Kp	0	40	100	_	Read/Write			

F6-28	Voltage sag integral coefficient Ki	0	30	100	-	Read/Write
F6-29	Voltage sag action deceleration time	0.0	20.0	300.0	S	Run read-only

5.2.8 F7 Parameter Group – Communication Parameters

Paramet er	Description	Minimu m Value	Default Value	Maxim um Value	Unit	Change Permission
F7-00	Inverter Address	1	1	249	-	Read/Write
	The local address when	using the d	communica	ation fund	ction o	f the inverter.
	When this value is set to	0, it is the	e broadcas	t address,	, which	realizes the
	broadcast function of th	e upper co	mputer.			
F7-01	Baud Rate	0	0	4	-	Read/Write
	0: 9600bps		1: 19200	bps		2:
	38400bps					
	3: 57600bps 4: 115200bps					
F7-02	Data Format	0	3	3	-	Read/Write
	0: No check -2 stop bits	(8-N-2)				
	1: Even check -1 stop bit	: (8-E-1)				
	2: Odd check -1 stop bit	(8-O-1)				
	3: No check -1 stop bit (8-N-1)				
F7-03	Communication	0.0	0.0	60.0	sec	Dood /Mrito
	Timeout	0.0	0.0	60.0	ond	Read/Write
	When this parameter is	set to 0.0	second, no	commun	ication	n timeout
	detection is performed.					
	When this parameter is	set to mor	e than 0.1	second, i	f the ir	nterval
	between one communic	ation and	the next co	ommunic	ation e	exceeds the
	communication timeout	the inver	ter will rep	ort a con	nmunio	cation failure
	(Err16).					

5.2.9 F8 Parameter Group – Motor Control Mode

Paramet er	Description	Minimu m Value	Default Value	Maxi mum Value	Unit	Change Permission
F8-00	Motor Rated Power	0.1	Depends on model	1000.0	Kw	Run read-only
	This parameter is set to	the rated	power of t	he moto	r (name	eplate).
F8-01	Motor Rated Voltage	1	Depends on model	500	V	Run read-only
	This parameter is set to	the rated	voltage of	the moto	r (nam	ieplate).

F8-02	Motor Rated Current	0.01	Depends on model	655.35	А	Run read-only		
	This parameter is set to the rated current of the motor (nameplate).							
F8-03	Motor Rated Frequency	0	50.0	500.0	Hz	Run read-only		
	This parameter is set to	the rated	frequency	of the m	otor (n	ameplate).		
F8-04	Motor Rated Speed	1	1460	65535	Rpm	Run read-only		
	This parameter is set to	the rated	speed of th	ne motor	(name	eplate).		
F8-05	Back EMF Coefficient for PM Motor	0	Depends on model	6553.5	V	Run read-only		
	This parameter is set as machine.	the back	EMF coeffic	cient of s	ynchro	nous		
F8-06	Motor Control Mode	0	0	2	-	Run read-only		
	identification is require 2: Vector speed control identification is require	(FMSVC)	of synchron	ous mot	or. F8-(•		
	identification is require	•	•					
F8-07	Motor Parameter Autotune	0	0	3	-	Run read-only		
	 0: No operation. 1: Static parameter identification. If the motor can't be completely separated from the load and can't rotate freely, please choose static parameter identification. 2: Dynamic parameter identification. If the motor is completely disconnected from the load and can rotate freely, please choose dynamic parameter identification. Note: After restoring the factory setting value, changing the model or setting the motor power and voltage level, it is necessary to identify the parameters again so that the vector control can run best. 							
F8-08	Speed/Torque Control Selection	0	0	1	-	Run read-only		
	Selection O: Speed control 1. Torque control It is used to select the inverter control mode: speed control or torque control, and the torque control only works in vector mode.							

F8-09	Torque Setting Source Selection	0	0	7	-	Run read-only
	 0: Parameter setting (F8-10) 1: Panel potentiometer setting 2: Al1 3: Reserved 4: Communication 5: Reserved 6: Reserved 7: Reserved Choose the torque setting source. There are seven torque setting methods. 					
F8-10	Torque Setting Value	-200.0	150.0	+200.0	%	Read/Write
	Torque value when F8-0	9 torque	setting sou	rce is sele	ected a	s 0.
F8-11	Asynchronous Motor Stator Resistance	0.001	Depends on model	65.535	Ω	Run read-only
F8-12	Asynchronous Motor Rotor Resistance	0.001	Depends on model	65.535	KW	Run read-only
F8-13	Asynchronous Motor Leakage Inductance	0.01	Depends on model	655.35	mH	Run read-only
F8-14	Asynchronous Motor Mutual Inductance	0.1	Depends on model	6553.5	mH	Run read-only
F8-15	Asynchronous Motor Magnetizing Current	0.01	Depends on model	F8-02	А	Run read-only
	F8-11~F8-15 are asynch generally not on the more parameter identification on site, you can input the provided by the motor	otor name _l n F8-07. If ne above p	plate, need the inducti parameters	to be ob on moto	tained r canno	by motor ot be tuned
F8-16	Synchronous Motor Stator Resistance	0.001	Depends on model	65.535	Ω	Run read-only
F8-17	Synchronous Motor D-axis Inductance	0.01	Depends on model	655.35	mH	Run read-only
F8-18	Synchronous Motor Q-axis Inductance	0.01	Depends on model	655.35	mH	Run read-only
	F8-16~F8-18 are synchr	onous mo	tor parame	ters. Son	ne synd	chronous

motor nameplates will provide some parameters, but most of the motor nameplates do not provide the above parameters. These parameters must be obtained through parameter identification and must be identified in synchronous motor vector control mode.

5.2.10 F9 Parameter Group – Motor Control Advanced Parameter

Param	Description	Minimu	Default	Maximu	Uni	Change			
eter	Description	m Value	Value	m Value	t	Permission			
F9-00	High Speed Area Switching Frequency	F9-03	10.0	F8-03	Hz	Read/Write			
		When the running frequency is greater than this value, the speed loop PID							
	parameter is selected as the				•	•			
	segment. Running frequen	•	• •		_	•			
	loop PID parameter linear	-			-	-			
F9-01	High Speed Area Proportional Gain	1	20	100	-	Read/Write			
	Setting the proportional co	pefficient c	of the spee	d regulato	r can a	idjust the			
	speed dynamic response c		-	_		-			
	proportional gain can spee					_			
	excessive proportional gain	n may mak	e the syste	em oscillate	e. ·				
	Note: The parameters of h	igh-speed	area and l	ow-speed a	area a	re only valid			
	when F8-06 selects vector	control.							
F9-02	High Speed Area Integral	0.01	1.00	10.00	sec	Read/Write			
	Time Constant	0.01	1.00	10.00	ond	ricady vviite			
	The speed dynamic respor					-			
	by setting the integral time	-	_		_	_			
	time can accelerate the dy	•		ne speed lo	op, bu	ıt too short			
	integral time may make th	e system o	scillate.						
F9-03	Low Speed Area	0.0	5.0	F9-00	Hz	Read/Write			
	Switching Frequency					•			
	When the operating frequ	-		value, F9-0)4 and	F9-05 are			
E0.04	selected as PID parameter	s of speed	loop.						
F9-04	Low Speed Area	1	30	100	_	Read/Write			
	Proportional Gain	nat fua access		 	 	nt on o d			
	The inverter runs at difference Nibo	•				-			
	loop PID parameters. Whe	n the runr	iing ireque	ency is less	ınan t	ne switching			

	frequency of the low-speed segment F9-03, the proportional gain of the speed loop is used.							
F9-05	Low Speed Area Integral				sec			
17-03	Time Constant	0.01	0.50	10.00	ond	Read/Write		
	When the operating frequency	ency is les	s than the	 switching f		ncy F9-03 in		
	, , ,	-		_	•	•		
	the low-speed section, the value of this parameter is used for the speed loop integral time.							
F9-06	Speed Loop Filter Time	0.000	0.200	4 000	sec	Darid (MAZ)		
	Constant	0.000	0.200	1.000	ond	Read/Write		
	This parameter generally of	loes not n	eed to be a	djusted, a	nd the	filtering		
	time can be appropriately	increased	when the	speed fluct	uatio	n is large. If		
	the motor oscillates, the p	arameter	should be a	appropriate	ely red	duced. The		
	speed loop filter time cons	stant is sm	all, and the	e output to	rque	of a inverter		
	may fluctuate greatly, bu	t the respo	onse speed	l is fast.				
F9-07	Slip Compensation	50	100	200	%	Read/Write		
	Coefficient 50 100 200 % Read/Write							
	For speed sensorless vector control, this parameter is used to adjust the							
	steady speed accuracy of t	he motor:	when the	motor has	a low	speed,		
	increase this parameter, and vice versa.							
	With vector control of speed sensor, this parameter can adjust the output							
	current of down-converter	with the	same load.			Γ		
F9-08	Maximum Output	100	105	110	%	Run		
	Voltage Coefficient					read-only		
	The maximum output volta	_				_		
	can improve the maximum	•	•	_		-		
	increase of motor current							
	contrary, the maximum loa	-		_				
	decrease, but the ripple of			educe the	motor	heat.		
E0 00	Generally, no adjustment i	s required	•					
F9-09	Torque Control Forward	0.0	50.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
E0 10	Maximum Frequency							
F9-10	Torque Control Reverse	0.0	50.0	F0-09	Hz	Read/Write		
	Maximum Frequency			navatina fu				
	Used to set the forward or			peraung ir	equer	icy oi		
	inverter under torque cont			na land tar	auo ic	loce than the		
	When the inverter in torque output torque of the motor		-		•			
	prevent accidents such as	-	•	•	_			
	motor speed during torque	_		•	CIII, UI	C IIIaxiiIIuIII		
	If it is necessary to change				reque	ncv		
	,		•		eque	ПСУ		
	dynamically, the upper lim	it frequen	cy can be o	controlled.	-			

	90	U Selles	riigii Fiot	ection inve	SILEI C	Jser Mariuai			
F9-11	Torque Acceleration Time	0.0	0.0	6500.0	sec ond	Read/Write			
F9-12	Torque Deceleration Time	0.0	0.0	6500.0	sec ond	Read/Write			
	Under the torque control i	mode, the	difference	between t	he ou	tput torque			
	of the motor and the load	of the motor and the load torque determines the speed change rate of the							
	motor and the load. There	fore, the n	notor spee	ed may cha	nge ra	pidly,			
	resulting in noise or excess	sive mecha	anical stres	s. By settir	ng the	torque			
	control acceleration and d	eceleratio	n time, the	motor spe	eed ca	n be			
	changed smoothly.								
	In the torque control of sm	nall torque	start, it is	not recom	mende	ed to set the			
	torque acceleration and de	eceleration	n time; If th	ne torque a	acceler	ation and			
	deceleration time is set, it	is suggest	ed to incre	ase the sp	eed fil	ter			
	coefficient appropriately.								
	When the torque needs to	respond o	quickly, set	the torque	e conti	rol			
	acceleration and decelerat	tion time t	o 0.00s.	1					
F9-13	M-axis Current Loop Kp	0	2000	30000	-	Read/Write			
F9-14	M-axis Current Loop Ki	0	1000	30000	-	Read/Write			
F9-15	T-axis Current Loop Kp	0	2000	30000	-	Read/Write			
F9-16	T-axis Current Loop Ki	0	1000	30000	-	Read/Write			
	F9-13-F9-16 is the current automatically obtained aft modified.	•	-	•					
F9-17	Synchronous Motor Flux	0	4	2		Dood (\A/wite			
	Weakening Mode	0	1	2	-	Read/Write			
	0: Disable. The motor is no	t subject t	to flux-wea	kening cor	ntrol. A	At this time,			
	the maximum speed of the	e motor is	related to	the bus vo	ltage c	of the			
	inverter. There is no flux-w	eakening (current, ar	nd the outp	ut cur	rent is small,			
	but the running frequency	may not r	each the s	et frequen	cy. If y	ou want to			
	achieve a higher speed, yo	ou need to	turn on th	e flux-wea	kening	function.			
	1: Automatic adjustment.	It is autom	atically ad	justed by t	he inv	erter, and			
	the higher the speed after	_	he field we	eakening a	rea, th	e greater			
	the field weakening currer								
	2: Calculation + Automatic	-							
	adjustment, the speed of f		_	•					
	this mode can be set wher		-			e demand,			
1	but this mode depends on the accuracy of motor parameters.								
F0 40	•		 	_ •					
F9-18	Synchronous Motor Flux	0	05	50	_	Read/Write			
F9-18	Synchronous Motor Flux Weakening Coefficient	0	05	50	-	Read/Write			
F9-18	Synchronous Motor Flux	0 ode, the re	05 equired de	50 magnetizir	- ng curr	ent can be			

	current can be manually a	djusted th	rough F9-1	8. The sma	aller th	ne
	demagnetizing current is, t	the smalle	r the total	output cur	rent w	vill be, but
	the desired flux weakening	g effect ma	y not be a	chieved.	1	
F9-19	Flux Weakening Integral Multiple	02	02	10	_	Read/Write
	Changing this parameter c	_	-	•		
	weakening current. Howev		-			-
	current may lead to instab	ility. There	efore, you o	do not nee	d to m	anually
E0.20	change this parameter.					
F9-20	Reserved					
F9-21	Maximum Torque Ratio Current Enable	0	0	1	_	Read/Write
	0: Disable 1: Enabled					
F9-22	Salient Rate Gain Coefficient	50	100	500	-	Read/Write
	Related to the structure of characteristics of the moto generally no need to set.					
F9-23	Starting Switching Frequency	1.0	3.0	F0-13	KHz	Read/Write
	The size of the carrier freq	uency at s	tartup.			
F9-24	SVC Low Speed Switching Frequency	0.08	4.0	F0-13	KHz	Read/Write
	In SVC mode, the switching speed.	g frequenc	y of synch	ronous mo	tor ru	nning at low
F9-25	Low Speed Switching Frequency Switch Frequency	5.0	20.0	F8-03	Hz	Read/Write
	At low speed, the switchin	g frequenc	cy is the se	t value of F	9-23.	After
	running the set value of th	is parame	ter, the sw	itching fred	quenc	y changes to
	the set value of F0-13.		<u> </u>	Γ	ı	
F9-26	Low Speed Maximum	0	20	80	%	Read/Write
	Magnetizing Current					-
F0.47	Set the maximum excitation	n current	of synchro	nous moto	r at lo	w speed.
F9-27	Low Speed Magnetizing Current Switching	0	20.0	F8-03	Hz	Read/Write
	Frequency					

						-		
	The maximum magnetizing	_	-			•		
	set at F9-26. After reaching this frequency, it will switch to normal current							
	size. The default value of this parameter will change with the upper							
	frequency (F0-09) and the rated frequency of the motor (F8-03).							
F9-28	Low Speed Magnetizing							
	Current Switching	0.0	5.0	F8-03	Hz	Read/Write		
	Frequency Bandwidth							
	When the synchronous mo	otor runs a	t low spee	d, when th	e frec	luency		
	reaches the set value of FS	9-27, if the	current ch	nanges with	nin the	e set range of		
	F9-28, the low-speed mag	netizing cu	irrent is sw	itched only	y once	<u>.</u>		
F9-29	Synchronous Motor							
	Initial Position Detection	0	1	1	_	Read/Write		
	Mode							
	0: Check before each run.	1: No de	tection					
F9-30	Synchronous Motor							
	Initial Position		120	180	%	Run		
	Identification Current	ication Current 5 120			70	read-only		
	Initial Value							
F9-31	Synchronous Motor							
	Initial Position	0.0	0.0	359.9	0	Read/Write		
	Compensation Angle							
F9-32	Synchronous Motor							
	Inductance Detection	30	80	120	%	Read/Write		
	Current							
F9-33	Synchronous Motor Back					Run		
	EMF Identification Initial	0	50	180	%	read-only		
	Current					reau-only		
F9-34	Synchronous Motor Back					Run		
	EMF Identification Final	30	80	180	%	read-only		
	Current					Teau-offiy		
F9-35	Synchronous Motor							
	Tuning Current Loop Kp	1	6	100	-	Read/Write		
	Adjustment Coefficient							
F9-36	Synchronous Motor							
	Tuning Current Loop Ki	1	6	100	_	Read/Write		
	Adjustment Coefficient							
F9-37								
-		Res	served					
F9-70								

5.3 Monitoring Parameter

The monitoring parameters of the inverter can only be read and cannot be modified.

Para mete r	Description	Unit	Communic ation Address	Parame ter Attribu te
U0-0	Inverter Running State 1: forward	_	1000H	read-only
0	2: reverse 3: stop		1000	read ormy
U0-0 1	Fault Code	-	1001H	read-only
U0-0 2	Set Frequency	0.1Hz	1002H	read-only
U0-0 3	Running Frequency	0.1Hz	1003H	read-only
U0-0 4	Running Speed	Rpm	1004H	read-only
U0-0 5	Output Voltage	V	1005H	read-only
U0-0 6	Output Current	0.1A	1006H	read-only
U0-07	Output Power	0.1KW	1007H	read-only
U0-08	DC Bus Voltage	V	1008H	read-only
U0-09	Output Torque	0.1Nm	1009H	read-only
U0-10	Power Factor Angle	-	100AH	read-only
U0-11	DI input state, default display DI1-DI4 effective will display +	-	100BH	read-only
U0-12	Relay state, default display Relay 1 effective will display 1	-	100CH	read-only
U0-13	Al1 Voltage Before Correction	0.01V	100DH	read-only
U0-14	Reserved	0.01V	100EH	read-only
U0-15	AI1 Voltage	0.01V	100FH	read-only
U0-16	Reserved	0.01V	1010H	read-only
U0-17	PID Setting	-	1011H	read-only
U0-18	PID Feedback	-	1012H	read-only
U0-19	Remaining Running Time	0.1Min	1013H	read-only
U0-20	Current Power-on Time	Min	1014H	read-only
U0-21	Current Running Time	0.1Min	1015H	read-only
U0-22	Cumulative Running Time	Hour	1016H	read-only
U0-23 U0-24	Accumulated Power-on Time	Hour	1017H	read-only
U0-24 U0-25	Cumulative Power Consumption	Kwh	1018H	read-only
00-25	Motor Temperature Value	\mathbb{C}	1019H	read-only

	T			
U0-26	IGBT Temperature Value	\mathbb{C}	101AH	read-only
U0-27	Actual Switching Frequency	0.1KHz	101BH	read-only
U0-28	M-axis Current Actual Value	0.1A	101CH	read-only
U0-29	T-axis Current Actual Value	0.1A	101DH	read-only
U0-30	Feedback Speed Actual Value	0.1Hz	101EH	read-only
U0-31	Reserved	-	101FH	read-only
U0-32	Cascading running status of water pumps	-	1020H	read-only
U0-33	Water supply pump state	-	1021H	read-only
U0-34	Master and slave output torque	0.1%	1022H	read-only
U0-35	On-line identification of back EMF	0.1V	1023H	read-only
U0-36	Timing pump switching remain time display	h	1024H	read-only
U0-37	Reserved	-	1025H	read-only
U0-38	Reserved	-	1026H	read-only
U0-39	Reserved	-	1027H	read-only
U0-40	Reserved	-	1028H	read-only
U0-41	Reserved	-	1029H	read-only
U0-42	Product Serial Number Lower 16 Digits	-	102AH	read-only
U0-43	Product Serial Number Higher 16 Digits	-	102BH	read-only
U0-44	Motor Boot Version	-	102CH	read-only
U0-45	CPU Type	-	102DH	read-only
U0-46	Power Board Hardware Version	-	102EH	read-only
U0-47	Power Board Software Version	-	102FH	read-only
U0-48	Control Board Software Version	-	1030H	read-only
U0-49	Product Number	-	1031H	read-only
U0-50	Manufacturer Code	-	1032H	read-only
U0-51	Third (most recent) Fault Code	-	1033H	read-only
U0-52	Second Fault Code	-	1034H	read-only
U0-53	First Fault Code	-	1035H	read-only
U0-54	Third Fault Frequency	0.1Hz	1036H	read-only
U0-55	Third Fault Current	0.1A	1037H	read-only
U0-56	Third Fault DC Bus Voltage	0.1V	1038H	read-only
U0-57	Third Fault Heatsink Temperature	$^{\circ}$ C	1039H	read-only
U0-58	Third Fault Time(from power-on time)	Min	103AH	read-only
U0-59	Third Fault Time(from running time)	0.1Hour	103BH	read-only
U0-60	Second Fault Frequency	0.1Hz	103CH	read-only
U0-61	Second Fault Current	0.1A	103DH	read-only
U0-62	Second Fault DC Bus Voltage	0.1V	103EH	read-only
U0-63	Second Fault Heatsink Temperature	$^{\circ}$	103FH	read-only
	•		i	·

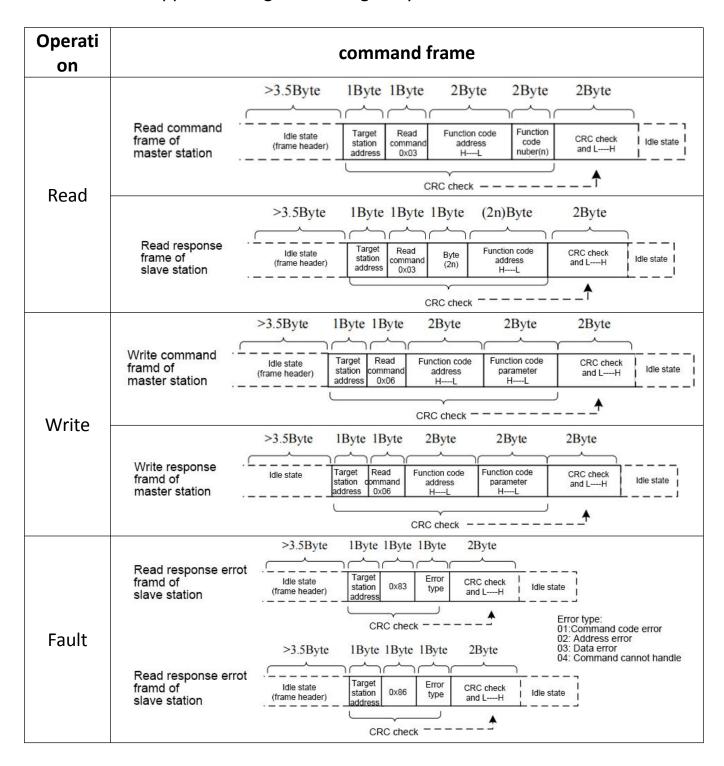
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U0-64	Second Fault Time(from power-on time)	Min	1040H	read-only
U0-65	Second Fault Time(from running time)	0.1Hour	1041H	read-only
U0-66	First Fault Frequency	0.1Hz	1042H	read-only
U0-67	First Fault Current	0.1A	1043H	read-only
U0-68	First Fault DC Bus Voltage	0.1V	1044H	read-only
U0-69	First Fault Heatsink Temperature	$^{\circ}$ C	1045H	read-only
U0-70	First Fault Time(from power-on time)	Min	1046H	read-only
U0-71	First Fault Time(from running time)	0.1Hour	1047H	read-only

Chapter 6 Communication

6.1 Modbus-RTU Communication Protocol

The controller can read consecutive addresses at one time, with a maximum of 12 addresses, but it should be noted that it cannot exceed the last address, otherwise it will make an error. The read operation command is 0x03; The write command is 0x06, which does not support reading and writing of bytes or bits.



6.2 Modbus Register Definition

Register Number	Function Code Paramet er	Functio	Function	Range	Description
0x01	-	06	Set communication frequency	-10000~100 00	10000 refers to 100% corresponding to the maximum frequency, 0 refers to 0% corresponding to the minimum frequency, when set to negative direction.
0x02	-	06	Control command	1~7	 forward running reverse running forward jogging reverse jogging free stop ramp to stop fault reset
0x03	-	06	Relay control	0x00~0x0F	BITO: relay 1 control; BIT1: relay 2 control BIT2: DO1 control; BIT3: DO2 control
0x04	-	06	AO1 output control	0∼7FFF	0 corresponding output 0%, 7FFF corresponding output 100%
0x05	-	06	AO2 output control	0∼7FFF	0 corresponding output 0%, 7FFF corresponding output 100%
0xF000	F0-00	03	Command source	0~2	Refer to F0-00
0xF924	F9-36	03	Synchronous motor tuning time current loop Ki adjustment coefficient	Depend on inverter model	Refer to F9-36

0x1000	U0-00	03	Refer to U0-00				
0x1047	U0-71	03	Refer to U0-71				

All user-configurable parameters can be read or written from the hold register by the appropriate Modbus command. The register numbers of parameters F0-00 to F9-40 are defined as 0xF001 to 0xF928. The register numbers of parameters U0-00 to U0-71 are defined as 0x1000 to 0x1047.

6.3 Modbus Application Cases

6.3.1 Setting Communication Parameters

During MODBUS communication, you need to set relevant parameters first, and they can be set in F7 parameter group.

Paramet er	Name	Description
F7-00	Inverter address	The local address of the inverter when it uses the communication function. If the value is set to 0, the broadcast address is used to implement the broadcast function of the upper computer.
F7-01	Baud Rate	0: 9600BPS 1: 19200BPS2: 38400BPS3: 57600BPS 4: 115200BPS
F7-02	Data Format	0: No verification (8-N-2) 1: even check (8-E-1) 2: Odd check (8-O-1)3: No verification (8-N-1)
F7-03	Communic ation Timeout	When this parameter is set to 0.0 second, no communication timeout detection is performed. When this parameter is set to more than 0.1 second, if the interval between one communication and the next communication exceeds the communication timeout, the inverter will report a communication failure (Err16).

6.3.2 Enable Communication Function

0.5.2 Endoic Conn	Set		
Parameter		Function	
	Value		
F0-00: Command Mode	2	The start-stop control mode of an inverter is set as communication control. The controller writes the number "1~5" to register no.2 to control the start-stop	
		command executed by the inverter. See Section 6.2 for the specific command.	
FO-01: Target 8		The target frequency setting mode of an inverter is	

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Frequency Setting Mode		communication setting. The controller can control the target frequency of an inverter by writing the number "-10000~10000" to register No. 1. For specific command, see Section 6.2.
F1-08: Relay Output Selection	7	The inverter relay is set for communication control, and the controller writes the number "0 or 1" into the No.3 register, which can control the closing and opening of the relay.
F1-28: AO1/AO2 Output Selection	6	The analog output terminal of the inverter is set as communication control, and the controller writes numbers "0~7FFF" to register no. 4, where 0 corresponds to 0% output and 7FFF to 100% output.
F5-00: PID Setting Source F5-02: PID Feedback Source	4/2	The Modbus register No.1 of the inverter is enabled at this time, and its value is used as the given value or feedback value of PID.

Chapter 7 Maintenance and Troubleshooting

7.1 Routine Maintenance

7.1.1 Regular Inspection

Due to the influence of environmental temperature, humidity, dust and vibration, the internal devices of the inverter will be aged, resulting in potential failures of the inverter or reducing the service life of the inverter. Therefore, it is necessary to carry out daily and regular maintenance of the inverter.

Daily Inspection Items	Regular Inspection Items
▲ Whether the sound of the motor changes abnormally or vibrates during running.	▲ Check whether the air channel is clean
▲ Does the installation environment of inverter change.	▲ Check whether the screws are loose.
▲ Whether the cooling fan of the inverter works normally and whether there are stains.	▲ Check whether the inverter is corroded.
▲ Is the inverter overheated.	▲ Check the wiring terminals for traces of arcing pulling.
▲ Is the inverter kept clean.	

7.1.2 Long-time Storage

If the inverter has been stored for a period of time before installation or has not been powered by the main power supply for a long time, it is necessary to age and energize the DC capacitor in the inverter according to the following instructions before operation, and the inverter can run normally after the aging is completed.

operation, and the inverter carrier normally after the aging is completed.								
Storage	Input	Duration	Input	Duration	Input	Duration	Input	Duration
Time	Voltage 1	1	Voltage 2	2	Voltage 3	3	Voltage 4	4
Less than	100%		VA/Stable and the artists and					
1 year	100%	Without treatment						
1-2 years	100%	1 hour	ır Normal running					
2~3	25%	0.5 hour	50%	0.5 hour	75%	0.5 hour	100%	0.5 hour
years	23/0	0.5 11001	30%	0.5 11001	/3/0	0.5 11001	100%	0.5 11001
More								
than 3	25%	2 hours	50%	2 hours	75%	2 hours	100%	2 hours
years								

7.2 Faults and Solutions

When a fault occurs during the operation of the 980 series inverter system, the inverter immediately stops the output so as to protect the motor, and at the same time the inverter fault relay operates. The inverter panel will display the fault code, the fault code corresponds to the type of fault and common solutions are detailed in the following table.

The list in the table is for reference only. Do not repair or modify it without authorization. If you can't troubleshoot, please ask the supplier for technical support.

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
Inverter Unit Protection	Err01	1. The output circuit is grounded or short circuited 2. The connecting cable of the motor is too long 3. The module overheats 4. The internal connections become loose 5. The main control board is faulty 6. The drive board is faulty 7. The inverter module is faulty	 Eliminate external faults Install a reactor or an output filter Check the air filter and the cooling fan Connect all cables properly Contact for technical support Contact for technical support Contact for technical support Contact for technical support
Overcurrent During Acceleration	Err02	1. The output circuit is grounded or short circuited 2. The control method is vector and no parameter identification 3. The acceleration time is too short 4. Manual torque boost or V/F curve is not appropriate 5. The voltage is too low	 Eliminate external faults Perform the motor auto-tuning Increase the acceleration time Adjust the manual torque boost or V/F curve Adjust the voltage to normal range Select rotational speed tracking restart or start the motor after it stops Remove the added load.

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
		6. The startup operation is performed on the rotating motor.7. A sudden load is added during acceleration8. The inverter model is of too small power class	8. Select higher power rating inverter
Overcurrent During Deceleration	Err03	1. The output circuit is grounded or short circuited 2. The control method is vector and no parameter identification 3. The deceleration time is too short 4. The voltage is too low 5. A sudden load is added during deceleration 6. The braking unit and braking resistor are not installed	 Eliminate external faults Perform the motor auto-tuning Increase the deceleration time Adjust the voltage to normal range Remove the added load. Install the braking unit and braking resistor
Overcurrent at Constant Speed	Err04	1. The output circuit is grounded or short circuited 2. The control method is vector and no parameter identification 3. The voltage is too low 4. A sudden load is added during deceleration 5. The inverter model is of too small power class	 Eliminate external faults Perform the motor auto-tuning Adjust the voltage to normal range Remove the added load. Select higher power rating inverter

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
Overvoltage During Acceleration	Err05	 The input voltage is too high An external force drives the motor during acceleration The acceleration time is too short The braking unit and braking resistor are not installed 	 Adjust the voltage to normal range Cancel the external force or install a braking resistor Increase the acceleration time Install the braking unit and braking resistor
Overvoltage During Deceleration	Err06	 The input voltage is too high An external force drives the motor during deceleration The deceleration time is too short The braking unit and braking resistor are not installed 	 Adjust the voltage to normal range Cancel the external force or install a braking resistor Increase the deceleration time Install the braking unit and braking resistor
Overvoltage at Constant Speed	Err07	 The input voltage is too high An external force drives the motor during running 	 Adjust the voltage to normal range Cancel the external force or install a braking resistor
Control Power Supply Fault	Err08	1. The input voltage is not within the allowable range	1. Adjust the voltage to normal range
Undervoltage	Err09	1. Instantaneous power failure 2. The inverter's input voltage is not within the allowable range 3. The DC bus voltage is abnormal 4. The rectifier bridge and buffer resistor are faulty 5. The drive board is	 Reset the fault Adjust the voltage to normal range Contact for Technical support

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
		faulty 6. The main control board is faulty	
Inverter Overload	Err10	 The load is too heavy or locked rotor occurs on the motor The inverter model is of too small power class 	 Reduce the load and check the motor and mechanical condition Select an inverter of higher power class
Motor Overload	Err11	 1. P9-01 is set improperly 2. The load is too heavy or locked rotor occurs on the motor 3. The inverter model is of too small power class 	 Set P9-01 correctly Reduce the load and check the motor and mechanical condition Select higher power rating inverter
Power Input Phase Loss	Err12	 The three-phase power input is abnormal The drive board is faulty The lightening board is faulty The main control board is faulty 	 Eliminate external faults Contact for Technical support Contact for Technical support Contact for Technical support
Power Output Phase Loss	Err13	1. The cable connecting the inverter and the motor is faulty 2. The inverter's three-phase outputs are unbalanced when the motor is running 3. The drive board is faulty 4. The module is faulty	 Eliminate external faults Check whether the motor three-phase winding is normal Contact for Technical support Contact for Technical support
Module Overheat Err14		1. The ambient temperature is too high2. The air filter is blocked	 Lower the ambient temperature Clean the air filter Replace the damaged

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
		3. The fan is damaged 4. The thermally sensitive resistor of the module is damaged 5. The inverter module is damaged	fan 4. Replace the damaged thermally sensitive resistor 5. Replace the inverter module
External Equipment Fault	Err15	 External fault signal is input via DI External fault signal is input via virtual I/O 	 Reset the operation Reset the operation
Communication Fault	Err16	 The controller is in abnormal state The communication cable is faulty The communication parameters are set improperly 	 Check the cabling of host computer Check the communication cabling Set the communication parameters properly
Contactor Fault	Err17	 The drive board and power supply are faulty The contactors is faulty 	 Replace the faulty drive board or power supply board Replace the faulty contactor
Current Detection Fault	Err18	 The HALL device is faulty The drive board is faulty 	 Replace the faulty HALL device Replace the faulty drive board
Motor Auto-tuning Fault	Err19	 The motor parameters are not set according to the nameplate The motor auto-tunning times out 	 Set the motor parameters according to the nameplate properly Check the cable connecting the inverter and the motor
EEPROM Write Fault	Err21	1. The EEPROM chip is damaged	1. Replace the main control board
Inverter Hardware Fault	Err22	1、Overvoltage 2、Overcurrent	 Solve as overvoltage fault Solve as overcurrent fault
Short Circuit to	Err23	1. The motor is short	1. Replace the cable or

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
Ground		circuited to the ground	motor
Accumulative Running Time Reached	Err26	1. The accumulative running time reaches the setting value	1. Clear the record through the parameter initialization function
Accumulative Power-on Time Reached	Err29	1. The accumulative power-on time reaches the setting value	1. Clear the record through the parameter initialization function
Pulse-by-pulse Current Limit Fault	Err40	 The load is too heavy or locked rotor occurs on the motor The inverter model is of too small power class 	 Reduce the load and check the motor and mechanical condition Select an inverter of higher power class
Motor Switchover Fault During Running	Err41	1. Change the selection of the motor via terminal during running of the inverter	1. Perform motor switchover after the inverter stops
Excessive Speed Deviation Fault	Err42	1. Excessive Speed deviation Inspection parameter P6-10, P6-11 Setting is not correct 2. No parameter identification	 Correctly Setting Parameter P6-10, P6-11. Executive parameter identification
Water Shortage alarm	A52	 Pressure sensor is damaged Check whether the parameters of the inverter are incorrectly set Whether the pipe network and motor are correct 	 Check pressure sensor Check inverter parameter setting Check motor and pipe
Overpressure Fault	Err53	 Pressure sensor is damaged Check whether the parameters of the inverter are incorrectly set 	 check the pressure sensor Test whether the inverter F5-18 is correctly set
Knitting Machine DI	Err56	1.DI terminal function setting is not correct	1. Check the DI terminal settings.

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
Fault		2. DI terminal is constantly high or low during the signal judgment cycle.	2. Check the status of the corresponding DI terminal.
Internal Communications Fault	Err64	1.Inverter internal communication failure	1.Contact for Technical support
Power board Communication Fault	Err65	1. Power board abnormality	1.Contact for Technical support

7.3 Common Faults and Solutions

The following faults may be encountered during the use of the inverter. Refer to the following table for simple fault analysis:

SN	Fault	Possible Causes	Solutions
1	There is no display at power-on	1. There is no power supply to the inverter or the power input to the inverter is too low 2. The power supply of the switch on the drive board of the inverter is faulty 3. The rectifier bridge is damaged 4. The buffer resistor is faulty 5. The control board or the operation panel is faulty 6. The cable connecting the control board and the drive board, and the operation panel breaks	1. Check the power supply 2. Check the DC bus voltage 3. Re-connect the 10-core cables 4~6. Contact us for technical support
2	"Err23" is displayed at power-on	 The motor or the motor output cable is short circuited to the ground The inverter is damaged 	 Measure the insulation of the motor and the output cable with a megger Contact us for technical support

SN	Fault	Possible Causes	Solutions
3	Err14 (Module overheat) fault alarm frequently	 The setting of switching frequency is too high The cooling fan is damaged, or the air filter is blocked Components inside the inverter are damaged (thermocouple or other) 	 Reduce the switching frequency (P0-13) Replace the fan and clean the air filter Contact us for technical support
4	The motor does not rotate after the inverter runs	 Check the motor and the motor cables The inverter parameters are set improperly (Motor parameters) The cable between the drive board and the control board is in poor contact The drive board is faulty 	 Ensure the cable between the inverter and the motor is normal Replace the motor or clear mechanical faults Check the re-set motor parameters Contact us for technical support
5	The DI terminals are disabled	 The parameters are set incorrectly The external signal is incorrect The control board is faulty 	 Check and reset the parameters in group P4 Re-connect the external signal cables Contact us for technical support
6	The inverter overcurrent and overvoltage frequently	 The motor parameters are set improperly The acceleration/deceleration time is improper The load fluctuates 	1. Re-set motor parameters or re-perform the motor auto-tunning 2. Set proper acceleration/deceleration time 3. Contact us for technical support
7	Err17 alarm when power-on or running	The soft startup contactor is not picked up	1. Check whether the contactor cable is loose 2. Check whether the contactor is faulty 3. Check whether 24V power supply of the contactor is faulty 4. Contact us for technical support

7.4 Warranty Agreement

- (1) Free warranty only refers to the inverter itself.
- (2) In case of failure or damage within the warranty terms, our company is responsible for 12 months warranty (from the date of delivery, the bar code on the fuselage shall prevail, and if there is a contract agreement, it shall be implemented according to the agreement). For more than 12 months, we will charge a reasonable maintenance fee;
- (3) During the warranty period, our company will charge a certain maintenance fee if:
 - a) Machine damage caused by the user's failure to comply with the regulations in the user manual;
 - b) Machine damage caused by mistakes in use and unauthorized maintenance and modification;
 - c) Damage caused by fire, flood, abnormal voltage, etc.;
 - d) Damage caused by using the inverter for abnormal functions;
 - e) Damage caused by man-made falling and transportation after purchase;
 - f) Failure and damage caused by obstacles outside the machine (such as external equipment factors);
- (4) The service fee is calculated according to the uniform standard of the manufacturer. If there is a contract, the contract will take precedence.
- (5) If there is any problem in the service process, please contact the supplier in time.
- (6) The final interpretation right of warranty instructions belongs to our company.

Warranty Card

	Address:		
Calama	Name:	Contact:	
Customer Information	Postal code:	Tel:	
	Product model:		
Product Information	Fuselage Bar code (posted here):		
	Agent name:		
Fault Information			

	(Certificate	
This product h	has gone through	rigorous quality control te	sts at factory.
Г			7

Inspector	
Approval Mark	